

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 6959.c

Port of *Amsterdam* Date of First Survey *19 Feb* Date of Last Survey *17 April* No. of Visits *7*
 No. in Reg. Book on the ~~Steel~~ *Steel* *C. O. Otis's Atrium* Port belonging to *Rotterdam*
 Built at *Kalt Bommel* By whom *J. Meijers Shipbuilding Co* When built *1916*
 Owners *Koudig & Pieters* Owners' Address *Rotterdam*
 Yard No. *427* Electric Light Installation fitted by *Groeneweld, van der Poll & Co* When fitted *1916*

DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

Direct coupled dynamo

Capacity of Dynamo *35* Amperes at *110* Volts, whether continuous or alternating current *Continuous*

Where is Dynamo fixed *in Engine room* Whether single or double wire system is used *double*

Position of Main Switch Board *in Engine room* having switches to groups *4* of lights, &c., as below

Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each *One distribution box in Engine room, One in Chartroom, One in Engine room Casing and one in midship deckhouse.*

If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit *Yes* and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits *Yes* and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size *Yes* and to each lamp circuit *Yes*

If vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits

Are the fuses of non-oxidizable metal *Yes* and constructed to fuse at an excess of *100%* per cent over the normal current

Are all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions *Yes* Are the fuses of standard dimensions *Yes* If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit *Yes*

Are all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases *Yes*

Total number of lights provided for *65 lamps 13 hold lamps 52 lights each* arranged in the following groups:—

A	<i>17</i>	lights each of	<i>25</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>4</i>	Amperes
B	<i>26</i>	lights each of	<i>25</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>6</i>	Amperes
C	<i>15</i>	lights each of	<i>25</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>4</i>	Amperes
D	<i>15</i>	lights each of	<i>16</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>2.5</i>	Amperes
E	<i>4</i>	lights each of	<i>32</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>4</i>	Amperes
	<i>4</i>	lights each of	<i>8</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>0.5</i>	Amperes
<i>two</i>	<i>two</i>	Mast head light with <i>one</i> lamps each of	<i>32</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>2</i>	Amperes
<i>two</i>	<i>two</i>	Side light with <i>one</i> lamps each of	<i>32</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>2</i>	Amperes
<i>three</i>	<i>three</i>	Cargo lights of	<i>80</i>	candle power <i>each</i> whether incandescent or are lights <i>Yes</i>		

If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. *no arc lights*

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed *in Chartroom, with automatic indicator controlling masts & side lights*

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying *35* Amperes, comprised of *4* wires, each *1.16* S.W.G. diameter, *15* square inches total sectional area

Branch cables carrying *4* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *2.75* S.W.G. diameter, *6* square inches total sectional area

Branch cables carrying *4.5* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *2.75* S.W.G. diameter, *6* square inches total sectional area

Leads to lamps carrying *2.3* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *1.40* S.W.G. diameter, *1 1/2* square inches total sectional area

Cargo light cables carrying *0.70* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *1.70* S.W.G. diameter, *1 1/2* square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Tinned Copper wire, insulated pure and vulcanised India Rubber, Coated tape, the whole vulcanised together, galvanised iron watertight tubes in holds & 1/2 deck, Armoured cables elsewhere

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected *joints made in watertight junction boxes, soldered and all in accessible positions.*

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances *Yes* Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage *Yes*

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board *No*

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected *in galvanised iron tubes*

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC. continued.

Are they in places always accessible Yes.

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture Watertight tubes

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat Watertight tubes.

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings Armoured cables and tubes.

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room Armoured cable.

How are cables carried through beams through bulkheads, &c.

How are cables carried through decks by watertight plug screws.

Are any cables run through coal bunkers no or cargo spaces Yes or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage Yes

If so, how are they protected watertight tubes.

Are any lamps fitted in ~~coal~~ bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, ~~stores~~, or baggage Yes.

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected with W.T. bronze frames & glasses.

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted on auxilliary switch board.

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected —

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers no

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed portable How fixed with plugs

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel —

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull —

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions —

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter Yes and with an amperemeter Yes, fixed on main switch board

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 2000 megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

James W. Pollard

Electrical Engineers

Date April 1916

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass 70 feet

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass 60 feet

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	Amperes	feet from standard compass	feet from steering compass
5	14	13	
0.3	for	for	

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be _____ degrees on _____ course in the case of the standard compass and _____ degrees on _____ course in the case of the steering compass.

J. MEYER'S SCHEEPSBOUWMAATSCHAPPIJ

J. Meyer

Builder's Signature.

Date April 1916.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The Electric light installation in this vessel has been fitted in a satisfactory manner and will require to be further examined during working condition. The vessel left the Builder for Rotterdam to Complete Engine and Boilers. Society's Rotterdam district Surveyors have been advised by letter of the 19 April 1916.

THE RECORD Elec. light. JWD 31/5/16

Committee's Minute

FRI. JUN.-2.1916

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.



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