

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No 27041

Port of 18th Dec. 1913 Date of First Survey Dec 8th Date of Last Survey Dec. 15th No. of Visits 4
 No. in Reg. Book 1944 on the Iron or Steel S/S "Offa" Port belonging to Grimsby
 Built at Grimsby By whom Cochrane & Co Ltd When built 1913
 Owners P. Beaumont Owners' Address Grimsby
 Yard No. 578 Electric Light Installation fitted by M. Jeannson, Grimsby When fitted 1913

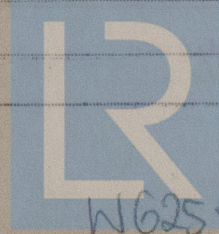
DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

Enclosed type.Capacity of Dynamo 80 Amperes at 25 Volts, whether continuous or alternating current ContinuousWhere is Dynamo fixed Engine room Whether single or double wire system is used doublePosition of Main Switch Board Engine room having switches to groups 5 of lights, &c., as belowPositions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each Engine room 3. Forecastle 4.
Galley 3. Chart room 2. Cabin & mess room 4.If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit yes and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits yes and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size yes and to each lamp circuit yesIf vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits yesAre the fuses of non-oxidizable metal porcelain and constructed to fuse at an excess of 15 amp per cent over the normal currentAre all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions yes Are the fuses of standard dimensions yes If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit yesAre all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases yesTotal number of lights provided for 62 arranged in the following groups:—Aft 8 lights each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 10 AmperesE.N.C. Room 5 lights each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 5 AmperesCasings 24 lights each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 30 AmperesD 12 lights each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 15 AmperesForward 4 lights each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 4 Amperes3 Mast head light with 1 lamps each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of 4 Amperes2 Side light with 1 lamps each of 25 candle power requiring a total current of Amperes2 Cargo lights of 100 candle power, whether incandescent or arc lightsIf arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. yesWhere are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed yes

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying 80 Amperes, comprised of 19 wires, each 16 S.W.G. diameter, .06 square inches total sectional areaBranch cables carrying 15 Amperes, comprised of 7 wires, each 22 S.W.G. diameter, .0042 square inches total sectional areaBranch cables carrying 8 Amperes, comprised of 1 wires, each 16 S.W.G. diameter, .0032 square inches total sectional areaLeads to lamps carrying 3 Amperes, comprised of 1 wires, each 18 S.W.G. diameter, .0018 square inches total sectional areaCargo light cables carrying 5 Amperes, comprised of 70 wires, each 36 S.W.G. diameter, .0032 square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Taped. Braided & compounded
Cables V/R insulated, run in screwed steel galvanized conduit.Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected Mechanical joints insulated porcelainAre all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances yes Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage yesAre there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board noHow are the cables led through the ship, and how protected as above

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DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible no

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture as above.

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings as above special hot resisting cable.

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room as above.

How are cables carried through beams ✓ through bulkheads, &c. ✓

How are cables carried through decks backnuts & grommets.

Are any cables run through coal bunkers yes. or cargo spaces yes. or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage ✓

If so, how are they protected as above.

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage no.

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected ✓

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted ✓

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected ✓

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers ✓

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed portable. How fixed ✓

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel ✓

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull ✓

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions ✓

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter ✓, and with an amperemeter ✓, fixed ✓

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 600 megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

Edw. Johnson

Electrical Engineers

Date Dec. 31st 1913

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass 37 feet

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass 48 feet.

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	Amperes	feet from standard compass	feet from steering compass
<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>	
A cable carrying <u>5</u>	Amperes <u>5</u>	feet from standard compass <u>12</u>	feet from steering compass
A cable carrying	Amperes	feet from standard compass	feet from steering compass

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power ✓

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be ✓ degrees on ✓ course in the case of the standard compass and ✓ degrees on ✓ course in the case of the steering compass.

FOR COCHRANE & SONS

A. Cochrane

Builder's Signature.

Date

GENERAL REMARKS.

This installation of electric light has been well fitted. The materials and workmanship are good. It has been tried under full working conditions & found satisfactory.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for

THE RECORD. Elec. light.

J. G. Mackillop

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

Committee's Minute