

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 6332

Port of *Belfast* Date of First Survey *May 5* Date of Last Survey *June 28* No. of Visits *8*
 No. in *1* on the *Iron on Steel* *St. Patrick* Port belonging to *Liverpool*
 Reg. Book Built at *Belfast* By whom *Harland & Wolff Ltd* When built *1907*
 Owners *Eden & Kempster & Co* Owners' Address *Liverpool*
 Yard No. *387* Electric Light Installation fitted by *N. H. Allen & Son Ltd* When fitted *1907*

DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

One engine having cylinder 8" diameter by 7" stroke coupled direct to one four pole compound wound dynamo

Capacity of Dynamo *120* Amperes at *100* Volts, whether continuous or alternating current *continuous*

Where is Dynamo fixed *on starting platform Starboard side*

Position of Main Switch Board *Starboard side starting platform (near dynamo)* having switches to groups *A B C D E F G H* of lights, &c., as below

Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each

If cut outs are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit *Yes* and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits *Yes* and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size *Yes* and to each lamp circuit *Yes*

If vessel is wired on the double wire system are cut outs fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits *Yes*

Are the cut outs of non-oxidizable metal *Yes* and constructed to fuse at an excess of *100* per cent over the normal current

Are all cut outs fitted in easily accessible positions *Yes* Are the fuses of standard dimensions *Yes* If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit *Yes*

Are all switches and cut-outs constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases *Yes*

Total number of lights provided for *180* arranged in the following groups:—

A Signals Saloon	45 lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	25.8	Amperes
B Forecastle	20 lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	12.0	Amperes
C Personnel	20 lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	12.0	Amperes
D Poop	19 lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	11.4	Amperes
E Machinery spaces	42 lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	25.2	Amperes
F Barge lights as under	lights each of	—	candle power requiring a total current of	19.2	Amperes
G Arc light	lights each of	—	candle power requiring a total current of	25.0	Amperes
H Arc light	lights each of	—	candle power requiring a total current of	25.0	Amperes
2 Mast head lights with	1 lamp each of	32	candle power requiring a total current of	1.2	Amperes
2 Side lights with	1 lamp each of	32	candle power requiring a total current of	1.2	Amperes
4 Cargo lights	each of eight	16	candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights	incandescent	

If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. *2 arc lamps totally enclosed in iron framed lanterns with glass sides and protected with suitable wire guards.*

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed *in wheelhouse under Bridge.*

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying	120	Amperes, comprised of	37	wires, each	16	L.S.G. diameter, .1176	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	25	Amperes, comprised of	7	wires, each	15	L.S.G. diameter, .01822	square inches total sectional area
" " "	19.2	" " "	7	" " "	16	" " .02227	" " "
Branch cables carrying	11.4	Amperes, comprised of	7	wires, each	18	L.S.G. diameter, .01254	square inches total sectional area
Leads to lamps carrying	3	Amperes, comprised of	1	wire, each	16	L.S.G. diameter, .003217	square inches total sectional area
Cargo light cables carrying	4.8	Amperes, comprised of	14.5	wires, each	38	L.S.G. diameter, .0042	square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

The conductor is tinned, covered with one layer pure Para rubber, then two layers of vulcanizing rubber, the whole vulcanized together and finally taped and braided. In machinery spaces the wires after vulcanizing are lead covered, served, and spirally armoured with G.I. wires

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected *thoroughly soldered, insulated with two layers pure Para rubber, two layers prepared tape and then varnished.*

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, resin only having been used as a flux *Yes* Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage *Yes*

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board *no*

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected *in strong wood casing, except in hold where they are enclosed in galvanised iron piping.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible Yes

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture lead covered and externally braided, in iron pipes where necessary

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat none near undue heat

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings lead covered, served and spirally armoured with 4.5 wires.

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room in fibre ferrules through bulkheads, &c. in fibre ferrules

How are cables carried through beams in 4.5 pipes bushed with fibre

How are cables carried through decks in 4.5 pipes bushed with fibre

Are any cables run through coal bunkers no or cargo spaces Yes or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage Yes

If so, how are they protected in 4.5 pipe

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage no

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected —

Where are the main switches and cut outs for these lights fitted —

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected —

Are any switches or cut outs fitted in bunkers —

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed Portable How fixed —

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel Screwed to yoke of magnet

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull soldered to 3/8" brass cheesehead earth screws

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions Yes

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and cut-outs fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas —

Are any switches, cut outs, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion —

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas —

The installation is — supplied with a voltmeter and — an amperemeter, fixed on switchboard

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of 100 per cent. that of pure copper.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 2500 megohms per statute mile after 24 hours' immersion in seawater.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

W. S. Allen, Son & Co.

J. W. Parriman

Electrical Engineers

Date 4th July 1907

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass

82 feet

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass

89 feet

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	<u>10.8</u>	Ampères	<u>10</u>	feet from standard compass	<u>6</u>	feet from steering compass
A cable carrying		Ampères	<u>The above double wired</u>	feet from standard compass		feet from steering compass
A cable carrying		Ampères		feet from standard compass		feet from steering compass

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power Yes

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be nil degrees on every course in the case of the standard compass and nil degrees on every course in the case of the steering compass.

For Harland & Wolff Ltd.

Builder's Signature.

Date

9th July 1907

GENERAL REMARKS.

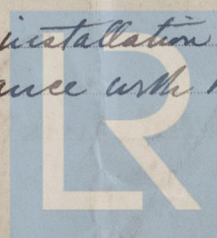
This installation is of good description throughout, and has been fitted in accordance with the Rules.

R. J. D. Bennett

Surveyor for Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

Committee's Minute

This installation appears to be in accordance with the Rules



Lloyd's Register
Foundation

THE SURVEYORS ARE REQUESTED NOT TO WRITE ACROSS THIS MARGIN.