

## REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 2783.

Port of Yokohama Date of First Survey 6-1-21 Date of Last Survey 24-2-21 No. of Visits 9  
 No. in on the Iron or Steel S.S. SUNGSHAN MARU. Port belonging to Tokyo  
 Reg. Book Built at Uraga By whom Uraga Dock Co When built 1921  
 Owners Yokohama Kisen Kaisha Owners' Address  
 Yard No. 176 Electric Light Installation fitted by Uraga Dock Co When fitted 1921

## DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

1-7 K.V. Generator direct connected to reciprocating engine

Capacity of Dynamo 70 Amperes at 100 Volts, whether continuous or alternating current continuous

Where is Dynamo fixed Engine room platform Whether single or double wire system is used double

Position of Main Switch Board near Dynamo having switches to groups A B C D E of lights, &c., as below

Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each Forecastle (12) Amidships (66) (22)

Engine & Boilers (23) Aft (8)

If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit YES and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits YES and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size YES and to each lamp circuit YES

If vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits YES

Are the fuses of non-oxidizable metal YES and constructed to fuse at an excess of 10 per cent over the normal current

Are all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions YES Are the fuses of standard dimensions YES If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit YES

Are all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases

Total number of lights provided for 232 arranged in the following groups:—

A	40	lights each of	16-32-1000	candle power requiring a total current of	15	Amperes
B	66	lights each of	16-32	candle power requiring a total current of	18	Amperes
C	58	lights each of	16-32	candle power requiring a total current of	12.4	Amperes
D	30	lights each of	16	candle power requiring a total current of	6	Amperes
E	38	lights each of	16-32-1000	candle power requiring a total current of	14.8	Amperes
2	Mast head light with	2	lamps each of	32	candle power requiring a total current of	22
2	Side light with	2	lamps each of	32	candle power requiring a total current of	22
7	Cargo lights of	4 lamps	32	candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights	incandescent	

If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. X

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed Chart Room.

## DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying	60	Amperes, comprised of	60	wires, each	20	S.W.G. diameter, .0611	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	30	Amperes, comprised of	30	wires, each	20	S.W.G. diameter, .0356	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	16	Amperes, comprised of	15	wires, each	20	S.W.G. diameter, .0152	square inches total sectional area
Leads to lamps carrying	1.8	Amperes, comprised of	8	wires, each	18	S.W.G. diameter, .00181	square inches total sectional area
Cargo light cables carrying	7	Amperes, comprised of	7	wires, each	20	S.W.G. diameter, .0071	square inches total sectional area

## DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Rubber covered insulated tape and painted

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected

Joint blocks in boxes lead and armoured cable

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances YES Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage YES

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board NO

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected Armoured cables & pipes



© 2020

Lloyd's Register  
Foundation

W1265-0102



DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible YES

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture Armoured cable + pipes

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat A.C. + pipes

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings A.C. + pipes

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room A.C. + pipes

How are cables carried through beams A.C. + pipes through bulkheads, &c. A.C. + pipes

How are cables carried through decks A.C. + pipes

Are any cables run through coal bunkers NO or cargo spaces YES or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage YES

If so, how are they protected A.C. + pipes

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage NO

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed Portable How fixed

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter YES, and with an amperemeter YES, fixed Switchboard

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 600 megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

K. Ushioke

Electrical Engineers

Date

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass 95

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass 90

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	Amperes	feet from standard compass	feet from steering compass
<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>12</u>	
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power YES

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be Nil degrees on every course in the case of the standard compass and Nil degrees on every course in the case of the steering compass.

K. Ushioke

Builder's Signature.

Date

GENERAL REMARKS.

This installation has been fitted in accordance with the Rule Requirements, tested under working condition and found in order and the vessel is eligible in my opinion to have record of Electric Light in the Register Book.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for

THE RECORD. See Light & Machinery

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

Committee's Minute

TUE. MAY. 23 1921

JM