

3731

# IRON SHIPS.

Regent for S.S. Act 1864

Dec 13/9/64

Survey held at Glasgow Date Sept. 10<sup>th</sup> 1864  
 the Sea King Master J. Patton  
 Tonnage Gross 31.53 Engine Room 48.0 Register 26.66 Built at Glasgow  
 when Built 1864 Launched 18<sup>th</sup> Under 104 By whom built Jas. Barclay, Curle & Co  
 Owners James Watson & Co Port belonging to Rishy Destined Voyage Mediterranean  
 Surveyed Afloat or in Dry Dock whilst building

Length aloft ..... 226.5 Extreme Breadth ..... 28 Depth from top of Upper Deck } Feet. 15 }  
 Beam to top of Floor ..... } Inches. 6 } Power of Engines ..... 125 Horse.

Distance of Frames or Ribs from moulding edge to moulding edge, all fore and aft	Inches in Ships.		Inches required per Rule.			Stem, if bar iron, moulding and thickness ...	Inches. In Ship.	16ths. In Ship.	Inches. required per Rule.	10ths. required per Rule.
	Inches. In Ship.	Inches. In Ship.	Inches. required per Rule.	Inches. required per Rule.	10ths. required per Rule.					
Floors, Size of Angle Iron, and No. at bottom of Floor Plate	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	Stem, if plate iron, breadth and thickness ...	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
depth and thickness of Floor Plate at mid line	<u>18</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	Stern-post, if bar iron, moulding and thickness	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
depth and thickness of Floor Plate at Bilge Keelson	<u>9</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	Keel, if bar iron, depth and thickness	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
Size of Reversed Angle Iron, and No. at top of Floor Plate	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	Keel, if plate iron, breadth and thickness	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
Frames, Size of Angle Iron, single or double Reversed Iron, if to every frame	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	Garboard Plates, Breadth and thickness	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Beams, Deck (No. 1) double or single Angle Iron, Plate, or Bulb Iron	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	From Garboard to upper part of Bilge	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
double or single Angle Iron on upper edge	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	From upper part of Bilge to Sheerstrakes	<u>9</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
average space between	<u>3</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>inches</u>	<u>13</u>	Sheerstrakes, Breadth and thickness	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
if wood (No. ) sided & moulded	<u>3</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>inches</u>	<u>13</u>	Butt Straps to outside plating, Breadth and thickness	<u>9</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
Hold, or Lower Deck (No. 1) double or single Angle Iron on upper edge	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	Planksheers	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
average space between	<u>3</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>inches</u>	<u>13</u>	Gunwale Plate or Stringer on ends of Up. Dk Beams	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
if wood (No. ) sided & moulded	<u>3</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>inches</u>	<u>13</u>	Angle Iron on ditto	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Paddle, wood, sided and moulded, or if Iron, size of Plate	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Diagonal Tie Plates on Beams	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
Engine Keelson, size of plates, box, or intercostal	<u>20</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	Waterway	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
Size of Plates	<u>20</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	Deck	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
Size of Angle Irons	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	Ceiling in Hold	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
ditto Bilge (No. )	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	Ceiling betwixt Decks	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
ransoms, material	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Beam Clamps or Spirketting	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
night-heads, and Hawse Timbers	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Shelf	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
he Frames or Ribs extend in one length from	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Stringer Plates on ends of Hold or Lower Dk Beams	<u>2</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>
he reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Ceiling between Decks	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
on the frames	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Stringer or Tie Plates outside Hatchways	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
Keelson, how are the various lengths of plates or angle irons connected?	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Deck Beam Clamps or Spirketting	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
ates, Garboard, double or single rivetted to keel & at upper edge, with rivets	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Shelf	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>
Edges from Garboards to upper part of bilge, worked	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Stringers in Hold	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Butts from Keel to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Deck, Lower	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Edges from bilge to sheerstrake, worked	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Deck, Upper, how fastened to Beams	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Edge of Sheerstrake, double or single rivetted?	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Bulkheads, No. 1	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Butts from bilge to planksheers, worked carvel with a lining piece	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Thickness of	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Butt Straps of Keelsons, Stringer and Tie Plates, double or single rivetted?	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	how secured to the sides of the ship	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Planksheer, how secured to the plating of the sides	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	size of vertical angle iron and their distance apart	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Waterway	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	he Frames or Ribs extend in one length from	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Deck Beams, how secured to the side?	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	he reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
old or Lower Deck	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	on the frames	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Paddle	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Keelson, how are the various lengths of plates or angle irons connected?	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
o. of breasthooks	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	ates, Garboard, double or single rivetted to keel & at upper edge, with rivets	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
What description of iron is used for the angle iron and plate iron in the vessel?	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>	Edges from Garboards to upper part of bilge, worked	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>

how secured to the sides of the ship rivetted between two  
 size of vertical angle iron and their distance apart 3 x 3 x 70 30 in  
 the Frames or Ribs extend in one length from middle line to gunwale rivetted through plates with (3/4 in.) rivets, about (5 in.) apart.  
 the reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from upper part of Hold Beams to Ditto  
 on the frames " " from middle line to gunwale  
 Keelson, how are the various lengths of plates or angle irons connected? by simple pieces  
 ates, Garboard, double or single rivetted to keel & at upper edge, with rivets (13/16 in.) diameter averaging (1/2 in.) from centre to centre of rivet.  
 Edges from Garboards to upper part of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece (1/2 in.) thick, or clencher, double or single rivetted; rivets (13/16 in.) diameter, averaging (3/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.  
 Butts from Keel to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece (1/2 in.) thick, double or single rivetted; rivets (13/16 in.) diameter, averaging (3/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the strake below? No  
 Edges from bilge to sheerstrake, worked carvel with a lining piece (1/2 in.) thick, or clencher, double or single rivetted; rivets (13/16 in.) diameter, averaging (3/4 in.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the strake below? No  
 Edge of Sheerstrake, double or single rivetted? Double throughout  
 Butts from bilge to planksheers, worked carvel with a lining piece (1/2 in.) thick, double or single rivetted; rivets (13/16 in.) diameter averaging (3/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Breadth of laps in double rivetting (1/2) Breadth of laps in single rivetting (3/4)  
 Butt Straps of Keelsons, Stringer and Tie Plates, double or single rivetted? Double  
 Planksheer, how secured to the plating of the sides { Explain by sketch } None  
 Waterway " " planksheer and to the Beams { if necessary } Cutter Waterway  
 Deck Beams, how secured to the side? Welded keels rivetted to beams  
 old or Lower Deck " Ditto  
 Paddle " " Ditto  
 o. of breasthooks Four crutches Four how are pointers compensated? all staybolts run through  
 What description of iron is used for the angle iron and plate iron in the vessel? Glasgow White Builder's Signature Barclay, Curle & Co

3731 Iron

Workmanship. Are the lands or laps of the clenchwork in all cases in breadth at least five times the diameter of the rivets in double rivetted edges and butts, and at least three times the diameter of the rivets where single rivetting is admitted? Yes

Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts lay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies? Yes

Do the fillings between the ribs and plates fill in solid with single pieces, or are they in short lengths of various thicknesses? Yes

Do the holes for rivetting plate to frames, lining pieces, or plate to plate, &c., conform well to each other? Yes and are the rivet holes well and sufficiently countersunk in the outer plate? Yes

Are there any rivets which either break into or have been put through the seams or butts of the plating? a few in corners of Bulk

Her Masts, Yards, &c., are in Good condition, and sufficient in size and length.

She has SAILS.

CABLES, &c.

ANCHORS, and their weights.

N <sup>o</sup> .		Fathoms.	Inches.	N <sup>o</sup> .	Weight.
<u>1 single</u>	Fore Sails,	<u>Stays to be supplied at Liverpool</u>			
	Fore Top Sails,	Chain .....		Bower, .....	
<u>Suit of</u>	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,	Hempen Stream Cable .....		Stream, .....	
	Main Sails,	Hawser .....		Kedge, .....	
<u>Sails</u>	Main Top Sails,	Towlines .....			
		Warp .....			
and		All of _____ quality.			

Her Standing and Running Rigging Gal. Wire? sufficient in size and Good in quality.

She has two 2 1/2 ton life Long Boat and two Quarter Boats of 1 1/2 and 2 1/2

The present state of the Windlass is new Capstan new and Rudder new Pumps new

General Remarks, Statement and Date of Repairs, extent of corrosion (if any) both internally and externally, and condition of rivets.

- DATES of Surveys held while building, as per Section 17.
- 1st. On the several parts of the frame, when in place, and before the plating was wrought Built under Special
  - 2nd. On the plating during the progress of rivetting Survey and seen on the following
  - 3rd. When the beams were in and fastened, and before the decks were laid Dates 14. 18. 21. 26. May 2. 4. 9.
  - 4th. When the ship was complete, and before the plating was finally coated 13. 21. 25. June 4. 9. 20. 22. July 12. 23.
  - 5th. After the ship was launched 26. 29. Aug 4. 3. 10. 16. 19. 27. Sept 8. 10. (1864)

This vessel has been built upon the 600 Ton A scale admeasurable to require for special survey No 329, and is in every respect fully up to the requirements of that Tonnage; since the vessel has been launched an enclosed space has been made on deck measured 82 1/2 Tons which has raised the Gross Tonnage above the seven hundred in consequence of which the whole of the outside plating should have been double riveted in lieu of only to the upper part of Bidges; at the same time I beg to point out for the Committee's guidance the middle line keelson is fitted intercostal, increased a 1/2 of an Inch. Reverse Bars are extended to the upper part of Hold Beams all fore and aft in lieu of upper part of Bidges. Hold Beams spaced to every second frame in lieu of second and fourth; is fitted with a built beam to middle line and Bidge keelson 1/2 x 10, and a double plate to keelson 12 x 1/2 for three fourths entire length, under these

In what manner are the surfaces preserved from oxidation? x  
 \* Plating of Bottom with Portland Cement. circumstances I beg to leave the remainder with Patent Paint and Red Lead assigned of the C class and for the Committee's consideration

I am of opinion this Vessel should be classed \_\_\_\_\_  
 The amount of the Fee ..... £ 5 : 4 : 0 is received by me,  
S. M. H. Special ..... £ 38 : 16 : 0  
 Certificate (if required) ..... £ gratis :

Committee's Minute 13<sup>th</sup> Sept. 18 64  
 Character assigned A

J. P. Darling  
 Sept 13 64  
 This Survey of Iron under the circumstances stated is only entitled to B. When the American Dock is removed as contemplated, the can then be raised to A should the Committee see fit to do so.

