

3309 IRON SHIPS.

Rev 22/9/63

No. 1213 Survey held at Slanelly Date 27 Nov 162 to Apr 1863
 the Iron 'Premier' Master Morgan Morgan
 tonnage Gross Engine Room Register 220 49/100 Built at Slanelly
 hen Built 1863 Launched 17 July By whom built W. H. Nevill
 owners Slanelly Iron & Shipping Co. Port belonging to Slanelly Destined Voyage Cibarstar
 Surveyed Afloat or in Dry Dock Wharf Building

Length aloft	Feet. Inches.	Extreme Breadth....	Feet. Inches.	Depth from top of Upper Deck	Feet. Inches.	Power of Engines....	Horse.	
Inches in Ships.		Inches required per Rule.		Beam to top of Floor.....	Inches.	16ths.	Inches required per Rule.	16ths required per Rule.
Distance of Frames or Ribs from moulding edge to moulding edge, all fore and aft	18		18					
Doors, Size of Angle Iron, and No. at bottom of Floor Plate	3 2/4	7/16	3 2/4	7/16				
,, depth and thickness of Floor Plate at mid line	14 1/4	~	7/16 1/3	~	7/16			
,, depth and thickness of Floor Plate at Bilge Keelson	5 1/2	7/16	3					
Size of Reversed Angle Iron, and No. 59 at top of Floor Plate	2 1/4	2 1/4	7/16	2 1/4	2 1/4	7/16		
Frames, Size of Angle Iron, single or double	3	2 1/2	7/16	3	2 1/2	7/16		
,, Reversed Iron, if to every frame or every frame	3 1/4	2 1/4	7/16	2 1/4	2 1/4	7/16		
Beams, Deck (No. 29) double Angle Iron, Plate, or Bulb Iron	6	~	7/16 5 1/2	~	7/16			
,, double or single Angle Iron on upper edge	2 1/4	2 1/4	7/16	2 1/4	2 1/4	7/16		
,, average space between	3 feet							
,, if wood (No.) sided & moulded								
Hold, or Lower Deck (No. 13) double Angle Iron, Plate, or Bulb Iron	6	~	7/16 5 1/2	~	7/16			
,, double or single Angle Iron on upper edge	3 1/4	2 1/4	7/16	3 1/4	2 1/4	7/16		
,, average space between	8 feet							
,, if wood (No.) sided & moulded	~	~	~	~	~			
Paddle, wood, sided and moulded, or if Iron, size of Plate	~	~	~	~	~			
Engine	"	"	"	"	"			
Keelson, single plate, box, or intersected								
Size of Plates	9	~	9/16 8 1/2	~	9/16			
Size of Angle Irons, double	3	2 1/2	7/16	3	2 1/2	7/16		
Ditto Bilge (No. 1 pair) angle irons back to back	3	2 1/2	7/16	3	2 1/2	7/16		
Transoms, material iron or, if none, in what manner compensated for								
Knight-heads, and Hawse Timbers								
The Frames or Ribs extend in one length from <u>Keel</u> to <u>Gunwale</u> riveted through plates with ($\frac{1}{4}$ in.) rivets, about ($6\frac{1}{2}$) apart.								
The reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from <u>Keel</u> to <u>upper part of Bilge & Gunwale alternately</u> , on the frames, from <u>Keel</u> to <u>upper part of Bilge & Gunwale alternately</u> ,								
Keelson, how are the various lengths of plates or angle irons connected?								
Plates, Garboard, double or single riveted to keel & at upper edge, with rivets (1 ins.) diameter averaging ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) from centre to centre of rivet.								
,, Edges from Garboards to upper part of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece (ins.) thick, or clench, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) diameter, averaging ($1\frac{1}{2}$ ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.								
,, Butts from Keel to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece ($\frac{1}{2}$ in.) thick, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) diameter, averaging ($1\frac{1}{2}$ ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below?								
,, Edges from bilge to sheerstrake, worked carvel with a lining piece (ins.) thick, or clench, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) diameter, averaging ($1\frac{1}{2}$ ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below?								
,, Edge of Sheerstrake, double or single riveted?								
,, Butts from bilge to plankshears, worked carvel with a lining piece ($\frac{1}{2}$ in.) thick, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{3}{4}$ in.) diameter averaging ($2\frac{1}{4}$ ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Breadth of laps in double rivetting ($\frac{1}{4}$) Breadth of laps in single rivetting (ins.)								
Butt Straps of Keelsons, Stringer and Tie Plates, double or single riveted?								
Planksheer, how secured to the plating of the sides								
Waterway								
Deck Beams, how secured to the side?								
Hold or Lower Deck								
Paddle								
No. of breasthooks	13	crutches	one	how are pointers compensated?	by deep floor plates connecting after frames			
What description of iron is used for the angle iron and plate iron in the vessel?								

Explain by sketch
if necessary.

Planksheer waterways in one
secured to sides by angle staves
 $3 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 7/16$

Builder's Signature

W. H. Nevill

Lloyd's Register
Foundation

John Johnson
Thomas Longdon

IRON 436 - 0455

3309 *Item*

Workmanship. Are the lands or laps of the clenchwork in all cases in breadth at least five times the diameter of the rivets in double rivetted edges and butts, and at least three times the diameter of the rivets where single rivetting is admitted? *G. S.*

Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts fay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies? *Yes*.
Do the fillings between the ribs and plates fill in solid with single pieces, or are they in short lengths of various thicknesses? *mostly single pieces
in some instances various lengths*.
Do the holes for rivetting plate to frames, lining pieces, or plate to plate, &c., conform well to each other? *Some holes large and are the rivet holes
punched but not all well filled up with rivets*.
well and sufficiently countersunk in the outer plate? *No*.

Are there any rivets which either break into or have been put through the seams or butts of the plating? a few

Her Masts, Yards, &c., are in good condition, and sufficient in size and length.

She has SAILS.

Nº.		CABLES, &c.	Fathoms.	Inches.	Nº.	Weight.
1	Fore Sails,	Chain	180	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Bower,	1 13.1
1	Fore Top Sails,	Wooden Hempen Stream Cable	90	44		1 13.0
2	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,	Hawser Wooden	80	8	Stream,	1 11.2
1	Main Sails,	Towlines Wooden	80	5		1 4.8
2	Main Top Sails,	Warp	80	4	Kedge,	1 2.2
and all other necessary		All of <u>good</u> quality.				1 1.1

Her Standing and Running Rigging is sufficient in size and good in quality.

She has one Long Boat and one Jolly boat

The present state of the Windlass is good, fitted Capstan
with hawser barrel.

General Remarks, Statement and Date of Repairs, extent of corrosion (if any) both internally and externally, and condition of rivets.

- DATES of Surveys** held while building, as per Section 17.

1st. On the several parts of the frame, when in place, and before the plating was wrought
 2nd. On the plating during the progress of rivetting
 3rd. When the beams were in and fastened, and before the decks were laid
 4th. When the ship was complete, and before the plating was finally coated
 5th. After the ship was launched } *Specially surveyed*

This vessel has been specially surveyed whilst building in accordance with request dated 3rd Decr 1862 and the supplementary surveys have been regularly held.

The work is rough and not nicely put out of hand, and some of the filling pieces between frames & outside plates are in more than one thickness, we however consider her a strong ship & are of opinion that, if approved by the Committee the case will be met by the character being reduced to 11 grd.

The iron is manufactured by W. H. Nevill and stamped
"Old Lodge Iron Co."

Certificates are produced of Bower and Stream Chains and
Bower Anchors having been proved above the Admiralty test
by the Chain Wrecker at Slaney.

In what manner are the surfaces preserved from oxidation? Portland Cement in the flat, the
Mortar, painted with red lead.

I am of opinion this Vessel should be classed II M. L.

The amount of the Fee £ 3 : : is received by me,

Special £ // : - :

Certificate (if required) £ : : :

Committee's Minute 22nd September 1863

Character assigned

A 1 for 11 Years

Wm Johnson

Thomas Congdon



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