

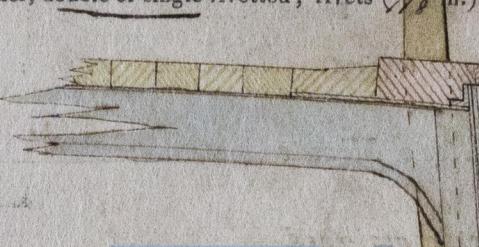
See annexed Report 1296
IRON SHIPS.

No. 14386 Survey held at Birkenhead & Liverpool Date March 15th 1857
on the Ship "Flying Venus" Master J. Re Reay
Tonnage Gross Engine Room Register 1393 $\frac{3}{4}$ Built at London
When Built 1855 By whom built C. J. Mare & Co Owners Bates
Port belonging to Liverpool Destined Voyage Bombay
If Surveyed Afloat or in Dry Dock Dry Dock & Afloat

Re 9/3/37

Length aloft	Feet.	Inches.	Extreme Breadth	Feet.	Inches.	Depth from Beam to top of Floor	Feet.	Inches.	Power of Engines	Horse No.
232	v		37	v		24	v			
Distance between Floors amidships	1	8		1	6					
" " forward and aft	1	8		1	6					
" " Ribs amidships	1	8		1	6					
" " forward and aft	1	8		1	6					
Floors, Size of Angle Iron, and No. 2 at bottom of Floor Plate	5x3 $\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	X		5x3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{9}{16}$						
" depth & thickness of Plate at mid line	29x $\frac{1}{2}$			24x $\frac{9}{16}$						
" " at turn of bilge										
Size of Reversed Angle Iron, and No. 1 at top of Floor Plate	3x3x $\frac{9}{16}$	X		3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x3 $\frac{9}{16}$						
Ribs, Size of Angle Iron, single or double	5x3 $\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	X		5x3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{9}{16}$						
" Reversed Iron, & to every frame	to main deck & to the bilge only on the intermediate									
" every other frame	3x3x $\frac{9}{16}$	X		3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x3 $\frac{9}{16}$						
Beams, Deck (No. 60) double or single	3x3	X		3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x3 $\frac{9}{16}$						
Angle Iron	10			9 $\frac{1}{2}$						
" depth & thickness of plate amidships	Cull									
" double or single Angle Iron, on lower edge	in									
" average space between	34			30						
" if wood (No.) sided & moulded										
Hold, (No. 58) double or single	3x3			3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x3 $\frac{1}{2}$						
Angle Iron	10 $\frac{1}{4}$			9 $\frac{1}{2}$						
" depth & thickness of plate amidships	Cull									
" double or single Angle Iron, on lower edge	in									
" average space between	34			30						
" if wood (No.) sided & moulded										
Paddle, wood, sided and moulded or if Iron, size of Plate										
Engine										
Keelson, wood, sided & moulded, iron, size of plate, if Box, give sketch & dimensions	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{5}{16}$	as per sketch								
Side or Bilge										
Number				None						
Transoms, material Iron or, if none, in what manner compensated for.										
Knight-heads	"									
Hawse Timbers	"									
The Ribs extend in one length from Keel to Gunwale riveted through plates with ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) rivets, about ($9\frac{1}{2}$) apart.										
The reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from Bilge to Bilge										
" " on the ribs " " from Bilge to to gunwale on each alternate frame & only to Bilge										
Keelson, if wood, length of search if iron, how are the various lengths connected? with Butt plates										
Plates, Garboard, double or single riveted to keel, with rivets ($1\frac{1}{8}$ ins.) diameter averaging ($4\frac{7}{8}$ in.) from centre to centre of rivet.										
" edges from Garboards to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece () thick, or clencher, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) diameter, averaging (4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.										
" butts from Garboards to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) thick, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) diameter, averaging ($2\frac{7}{8}$ ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below?										
" edges from bilge to wales, worked carvel with a lining piece () thick, or clencher, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) diameter, averaging (4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.										
" butts from bilge to wales, worked carvel with a lining piece ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) thick, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) diameter, averaging ($2\frac{7}{8}$ in.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below?										
" edges of wales and to plankshears, worked carvel with a lining piece () thick, or clencher, double or single riveted; rivets ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) diameter, averaging (4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.										
Planksheer, how secured to the plating of the sides										
Waterway	"									
Side trussing										
Deck trussing	"									
Deck Beams, how secured to the side										
Hold	"									
Paddle	"									
No. of breasthooks										
crutches										
How are pointers compensated?										
What description of iron is used for the angle iron and bar iron in the vessel?										

Explain by sketch, if necessary.



are made by the strainer plates being forward & aft & by the floor plates between
Builder's Signature

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IRON432A-011

1290 fm

Workmanship. Are the lands or laps of the clenchwork in all cases sufficiently wide to take the rivets and support the strain on them? *Apper o-*
 Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts fay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies? *where so*
 Do the fillings between the ribs and plates ~~fill in all solid with silver pieces, or are they in short lengths?~~
 Do the holes for rivetting plate to lining piece, or plate to plate, &c., answer well to each other? *not seen* and are the rivet holes well and sufficiently
 countersunk in the outer plate? *not seen*
 Are there any rivets which either break into or have been put through the seams or butts of the plating? *none seen*
 Was the plating caulked internally in the wake of the frames or ribs? *not known*

Her Masts, Yards, &c., are in good condition, and sufficient in size and length.

She has SAILS.

CABLES, &c.

ANCHORS, and their weights.

N°.		Fathoms.	Inches.	N°.	Weight.
<i>Nearly two Suits</i>	Fore Sails,	Chain <i>Cast off Lost Hemp Stream 17.3m</i>	300 <i>1 3/4"</i> <i>1 7/8"</i>	Bowers.....	3 <i>45.0.19</i> <i>45.0.0</i> <i>39.2.0</i>
	Fore Top Sails,	Hempen Stream Cable	90 <i>1 1/8"</i>	Stream,	1 <i>14.1.15</i> <i>"</i>
	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,	Hawser	90 <i>9 1/2"</i>		
and	Main Sails,	Towlines	90 <i>13 1/2"</i>	Kedge,	2 <i>14.2.21</i> <i>31.2.0</i>
	Main Top Sails,	Warp	90 <i>8 1/2"</i>		
		All of <u>good</u> quality.			

Her Standing and Running Rigging Henry And sufficient in size and good in quality.

She has Long Boat and 3 others

The present state of the Windlass is good Capstan good and Rudder good Pumps good

General Remarks, Statement and Date of Repairs, extent of corrosion (if any) both internally and externally, and condition of rivets

- DATES of Surveys held while building, as per Section 17. { 1st. On the several parts of the frame, when in place, and before the plating was wrought
 2nd. On the plating during the progress of rivetting
 3rd. When the beams were in and fastened, and before the decks were laid
 4th. When the ship was complete, and before the plating was finally coated
 5th. After the ship was launched

The present Owners of this Ship "Flying Venus" having given notice to have her surveyed for classing — On examination in the Graving dock, we found the outside plating, rivets, & butts of the plates all good, as far as could be seen — The ship being close built between decks and in the hold with 2 1/2" yellow pine and 3" rock elm double fastened to the reverse angle irons on frames, in consequence of which only a small part of the ship could be seen internally, viz — in the wake of ceiling taken off to put oceop beams in the ship, in way of limber boards — & some short lengths of ceiling taken off in between decks where required — All the inside of ship where seen appears good

We now had fourteen oceop beams made of angle iron double 6 x 3 x 1/2" — all the masts & spars have been taken out & replaced with proper size & good quality — rigging of hemp well fitted has also had a good capstan — has a lower & upper deck of 1 1/2" yellow pine well fastened to the beams. And although it appeared desirable to Messrs. Plymouth and Davidson as stated in their Report dated London 4th September 1856 — that the iron plates on top of the lower deck beams, bilge keelsons, & ceiling plate between decks, should be introduced for assigning a class, in conformity with the rules, for a term of years — we respectfully beg to say that as the ceiling appears well fitted, together with the thick spokeshaving plank & large waterway on top of lower deck beams — these in our opinion, taking into consideration the extra thickness of outside plating & breadth of beams, might compensate for the absence of the ceiling plate, and as it does not appear to us that the ship in any way stains, and being built with a great rise of floor & now having the oceop beams as named above — we under the recent resolution respecting vessels recommended her as eligible for the A I class

In what manner are the surfaces preserved from oxidation *Red Lead & Patent Paint*

We are 1 am of opinion this Vessel should be classed A I

WORKMS

The amount of the Fee £ 5 : " : " is received by me,

Mar W

Special £ 1 : 1 : 0

4/3/57 Wm. J. Mansfield

Certificate (if required) £ " : 5 : "

Open Committee's Minute 25th March 1857

Character assigned A I

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