

1036 IRON SHIPS.

Rev 7/5/56

No. 1640 Survey held at Stockton Date Began Oct 5th 1853
 on the Witch Of The Tees ^{masted Schooner} Last Survey Oct 5th 1856
 Tonnage Gross 249 Engine Room Register 214 Built at Stockton
 When Built 1856 By whom built Pearse & Co Owners H. Baker & Co Johnson &
 Port belonging to London Destined Voyage Australia Per Note annexed
 If Surveyed Afloat or in Dry Dock On a Slip Specially While Building

Length aloft	Feet. Inches.	Extreme Breadth	Feet. Inches.	Depth from Beam to top of Floor	Feet. Inches.	Horse No.
110 0		22 0		12 9		
Distance between Floors amidships	1 6					
" " forward and aft	1 6					
" " Ribs amidships	1 6					
" " forward and aft	1 6					
Floors, Size of Angle Iron, and No. all at bottom of Floor Plate	3 2 1/2 6 1/16					
" depth & thickness of Plate at mid line	1 3 6 1/16					
" " off at turn of bilge						
Size of Reversed Angle Iron, and No. at top of Floor Plate	2 1/2 2 1/2 6 1/16					
Ribs, Size of Angle Iron, single or double	3 2 1/2 6 1/16					
" " Reversed Iron, to every frame	To the Plankshears					
" or every frame						
Beams, Deck (No. 32) double						
Angle Iron						
" depth & thickness of plate amidships	5 3 6 1/16	T				
" double or single Angle Iron, on lower edge						
" average space between	3 feet					
" wood (N ^o) sided & moulded						
Hold, (No. 13) double or single						
Angle Iron						
" depth & thickness of plate amidships	5 3 6 1/16					
" double or single Angle Iron, on lower edge						
" average space between	6 feet					
" wood (N ^o) sided & moulded						
Paddle, wood, sided and moulded						
or if Iron, size of Plate						
Keelson, wood, sided & moulded, iron, size of	4 3 1/8					
plate, if Box, give sketch & dimensions	12x12 3/8					
Side or Bilge	6 3 1/2					
Number ... One each side						

Transoms, material ~~Iron~~ or, if none, in what manner compensated for. Plates wrought Round

Knight-heads ~~English Oak~~ } are they free from defects? Yes

Hawse Timbers ~~English Oak~~ } The Ribs extend in one length from the Keel to Plankshear riveted through plates with (3/4 in.) rivets, about (7) apart. ^{inch}

The reverse angle irons on the floors extend in one length across the middle line from bilge to bilge and to the Plankshear. " " on the ribs " " from the floors to Plankshears every frame

Keelson, ~~if wood, length of scarf~~ if iron, how are the various lengths connected? well shifted

Plates, Garboard, double ~~single~~ riveted to keel, with rivets (7/8 ins.) diameter averaging (3 1/2 in.) from centre to centre of rivet.

" edges from Garboards to turn of bilge, worked ~~carvel with a lining piece~~ thick, or clencher, ~~double~~ or ~~single~~ riveted; rivets (3/4 in.) diameter, averaging (2 1/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.

" butts from Garboards to turn of bilge, worked carvel with a lining piece (1/2) thick, ~~double~~ ~~single~~ riveted; rivets (3/4 in.) diameter, averaging (2 1/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below? Yes

" edges from bilge to wales, worked ~~carvel with a lining piece~~ thick, or clencher, ~~double~~ or ~~single~~ riveted; rivets (3/4 in.) diameter, averaging (2 1/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.

" butts from bilge to wales, worked carvel with a lining piece (3/8) thick, ~~double~~ ~~single~~ riveted; rivets (3/4 in.) diameter, averaging (2 1/4 in.) from centre to centre of rivets. Do the lining pieces lap over and rivet through the lands of the stake below? Yes

" edges of wales and to plankshears, worked ~~carvel with a lining piece~~ thick, or clencher, ~~double~~ or ~~single~~ riveted; rivets (3/4 in.) diameter, averaging (2 1/4 ins.) from centre to centre of rivets.

Planksheer, how secured to the plating of the sides { Explain by sketch, }

Waterway " " planksheer and to the Beams { if necessary. }

Side trussing breadth and thickness of plates how secured

Deck trussing 13x3/8 " "

Deck Beams, how secured to the side as ~~Sketch~~

Hold " " the same

Part " "

No. of breasthooks 5 crutches 3 how are pointers compensated? Angle Trunnions up

What description of iron is used for the angle iron and bar iron in the vessel? the Best



1036 Strom

Workmanship. Are the lands or laps of the clenchwork in all cases sufficiently wide to take the rivets and support the strain on them? *yes*
Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts fay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies? *yes*
Do the fillings between the ribs and plates fill in all solid with sliver pieces, or are they in short lengths? *Solid*
Do the holes for rivetting plate to lining piece, or plate to plate, &c., answer well to each other? *yes* and are the rivet holes well and sufficiently countersunk in the outer plate? *yes*
Are there any rivets which either break into or have been put through the seams or butts of the plating? *Some to make good caulking*
Was the plating caulked internally in the wake of the frames or ribs?

Her Masts, Yards, &c., are in *Good* condition, and sufficient in size and length.

She has SAILS.

N°.	Fathoms.
2	Fore Sails,
2	Fore Top Sails,
2	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,
2	Main Sails,
2	Main Top Sails,
and the rest as usual	

CABLES, &c.

	Inches.	N°.	
Chain	1 1/4 3 1/4	3	<i>Cat, " Cat</i>
Hempen Stream Cable	8 1/2	1	<i>12.1.16-13.1.0-10.3-21</i>
Hawser	3/4	1	<i>Stream, 3.0.5</i>
Towlines	6		<i>Kedge, 1.3.2</i>
Warp	5		
All of	<i>Good</i> quality.		

ANCHORS, and their weights.

Bower,	<i>12.1.16-13.1.0-10.3-21</i>		
Stream,	<i>3.0.5</i>		
Kedge,	<i>1.3.2</i>		

Her Standing and Running Rigging *Good* sufficient in size and *Good* in quality.

She has *One* Long Boat and *Two Others*

The present state of the Windlass is *Good* Capstan *Good* and Rudder *Good* Pumps *Good*

GENERAL REMARKS.

Statement and date of repairs; extent of corrosion (if any) both internally and externally; and condition of rivets.

This Vessel as a Flush Deck and Round house aft She is Rigged a three Masted Schooner as 3 water tight compartments the work throughout is of the best Description She as Reversed Angle Iron to every frame all fore aft Up to the Plankshers the angle Iron frames and Reversed angle Iron are larger and stouter than required by the rules also the Platting Garbent Staves and From bridge to Shear Staves thicker the beams are made of Plain angle Iron the Builders not being able to get Bill Iron when they where Building of the Vessel

This Vessel is now in good condition in hull and stores and in a fit State To carry dry and perishable cargoes all over the world and I recommend Her to be classed. At For 9 years

In what manner are the surfaces preserved from oxidation? *Pearocks Patent*

I am of opinion this Vessel should be classed *At For 9 years*

The amount of the Fee £ 3 : 0 : 0 is received by me, *John W. Ewen*

May 11 Special £ 10 : 14 : 0

Certificate (if required) £ : :

Committee's Minute *9th May 1856*

Character assigned *For 1 for 9 Years*

Built of iron

I concur in the
above record made
8th May 1856

J.W.E.
Troy's Register
Foundation