

IRON SHIP.

No. 8895 Survey held at Port Glasgow, Glasgow, First Survey

Last Survey

18

On the Barque *Earl Rosebery*

TONNAGE under Tonnage Deck 1071.76 ONE, OR TWO DECKED, THREE DECKED VESSEL, SPAN, OR AWNING DECKED VESSEL.

Ditto of Third Spar, or Awaiting Deck 47.73 Half Breadth (moulded) 17.42

Ditto of Poop, or Raised Quarter Deck 17.29 Depth from upper part of Keel to top of Upper Deck Beams 33.42

Ditto of Houses on Deck 37.23 Girth of Half Midship Frame (as per Rule) 36.10

Ditto of Foremast 1173.98 1st Number 7694

Gross Tonnage 53.04 1st Number, if a 3-Decked Vessel .. deduct 7 feet

Less Crew Space Length 207.5

Less Engine Room 2nd Number 1592.5

Register Tonnage as out on Beam 1120.94

Proportions— Breadths to Length .. 5.9

Depths to Length—Upper Deck to Keel .. 8.5

Main Deck ditto ..

Master *G. Kerr*
Built at *Port Glasgow*
When built *1848* Launched *21st March 48*
By whom built *Russell & Co.*
Owners *A. McAllister & Co.*
Residence *London*
Port belonging to *Glasgow*
Destined Voyage *Montevideo*
If Surveyed while Building, Afloat, or in Dry Dock. *While building & afloat*

LENGTH on deck as per Rule 207.0 BREADTH Moulded 34.10 DEPTH top of Floors to Upper Deck Beams 21.5 Power of Engines 22.9

Dimensions of Ship per Register, length, 216 breadth, 35.15 depth, 21.25 Moulded depth = 22.9

KEEL, depth and thickness 8 1/2 x 2 1/2
STEM, moulding and thickness 8 x 2 1/2
STERN-POST for Rudder do. do. 8 x 2 1/2
STERN-POST for Propeller do. do. 8 x 2 1/2
Distance of Frames from moulding edge to moulding edge, all fore and aft 23

FRAMES, Angle Iron, for 1/2 length amidships Do. for 1/4 at each end
REVERSED FRAMES, Angle Iron
FLOORS, depth and thickness of Floor Plate at mid line for half length amidships thickness at the ends of vessel depth at 1/2 the half-bdth. as per Rule height extended at the Bilges

BEAMS, Upper, Spar, or Awaiting Deck Single or double Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron Single or double Angle Iron on Upper edge Average space
BEAMS, Main, or Middle Deck Single or double Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron Single, or double Angle Iron, on Upper Edge Average space

BEAMS, Lower Deck Single or double Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron Single or double Angle Iron on Upper Edge Average space
BEAMS, Hold, or Orlop Single or double Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron Single or double Angle Iron on Upper Edge Average space

KEELSONS Centre line, single or double plates box, or intercostal, plates on hold Rider Plate Bulb Plate to Intercostal Keelson Angle Irons Double Angle Iron Side Keelson Side Intercostal Plate do. Angle Irons Attached to outside plating with angle iron

BILGE Angle Irons do. Bulb Iron do. Intercostal plates riveted to plating for length
BILGE STRINGER Angle Irons Intercostal plates riveted to plating for length
SIDE STRINGER Angle Irons

The FRAMES extend in one length from Keel to gunwale Riveted through plates with 3/4 in. Rivets, about 6 apart.
The REVERSED ANGLE IRONS on floors and frames extend from middle line to upper deck and to on each frame alternately.
KEELSONS, Are the various lengths of Plates and Angle Irons properly connected? Yes And butts properly shifted? Yes

PLATING, Garboard, double riveted to Keel, with rivets 1/8 in diameter, averaging 5 1/2 ins. from centre to centre. 35613 1/2
Edges of Garboards and to upper part of Bilge, worked clencher, double riveted; with rivets 1/8 in diameter, averaging 5 1/2 ins. from centre to centre.
Butts from Keel to turn of Bilge, worked carvel, double riveted; with rivets 1/8 in diameter averaging 3 1/2 ins. from centre to centre.
Butts of three Strakes at Bilge for half length, treble riveted with Butt Straps 1/16 thicker than the plates they connect.
Edges from Bilge to Main Sheerstrake, worked clencher, double or single riveted; with rivets 3/4 in diameter, averaging 3 1/2 ins. from cr. to cr.
Butts from Bilge to Main Sheerstrake, worked carvel, double riveted; with rivets 3/4 in diameter, averaging 3 ins. from cr. to cr.
Edges of Main Sheerstrake, double or single riveted.
Upper Sheerstrake, double or single riveted.
Butts of Main Sheerstrake, treble riveted for length amidships. Butts of Upper or Spar Sheerstrake, treble riveted half length amidships.
Butts of Main Stringer Plate, treble riveted for length amidships. Butts of Upper or Spar Stringer Plate, treble riveted for half length.
Breadth of laps of plating in double riveting 5 1/4 in. Breadth of laps of plating in single riveting

Butt Straps of Keelsons, Stringer and Tie Plates, treble, double or single Riveted? *Double* No. of Breasthooks, Fair Crutches, Shree.
What description of Iron is used for Frames, Beams, Keelsons, Tie, and Stringer Plates, Outside Plating, &c.? *ford*
Manufacturer's name or trade mark, *Anglo Silesia, West March, Plates, N. Hartley & Co. Stockton Moor*
The above is a correct description.
Builder's Signature, *A. McAllister* Surveyor's Signature, *J. D. ...*

ROBERT EDMUND TAYLOR & SON Commercial and General Surveyors, 19, Old Street, G. & W. Road, F. C. London. GKK 304-012

Vertical text on the left side of the page, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the document. It contains various technical terms and measurements related to ship construction, such as 'LENGTH on deck as per Rule', 'BREADTH Moulded', and 'DEPTH top of Floors to Upper Deck Beams'.

Workmanship. Are the butts of plating planed or otherwise fitted?

Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts lay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies?

Are the fillings between the ribs and plates solid single pieces?

Do the holes for riveting plate to frames, butt straps, or plate to plate, &c., conform well to each other?

Are the rivet holes well and sufficiently countersunk in the plate and punched from the faying surfaces?

Do any rivets break into or through the seams or butts of the plating?

Planed & hand fitted
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes a few on the butts

Masts, Bowsprit, Yards, &c., are Iron Wood in good condition, and sufficient in size and length. If of Iron or Steel give Scantlings of Plating, Angle Irons, &c., and further explain by a Sketch showing how the lower Masts and Bowsprit are constructed, showing the number of Plates and Angle Irons, mode of riveting, quality of Materials, and if stamped with Maker's name.

State also Length and Diameter of Lower Masts and Bowsprit. Iron from Consell Co.

Fore & main masts each 83.6 long 29x9/16 at partners to 21x6/16 at heel & 19x6/16 ahead. Three plates in the round.

Mizen Mast - 80ft 6 in long 23 1/2 x 6/16 at partners to 15 1/2 at head & two plates in the round. doubled at wedging. Edges double riveted & double with straps as per rule.

N ^o .	SAILS.	CABLES, &c.	Inches.	Test per Certificate.	Inches per Rule.	Machine where Tested & Suprtd.	ANCHORS.		N ^o .	Weight. Ex. Stock.	Test per Certificate.	W'ght req'd per Rule.	Machine where Tested & Suprtd.
							Bower Anchors	State Machine where Tested, Date, or No. of Certificate, & Name of Superintendent.					
	Chain	12860.	135	13/4	55 1/2	D. G. Keane	19042	30.2	27	29.3	3.0	30.2	29. Lewis
	Fore Sails,	12861.	135	13/4	55 1/2	D. G. Keane	19044	29.2	26	28.8	3.0	29.0	28. Lewis
	Fore Top Sails,	12862.	75	15/16	27 1/2	D. G. Keane	19045	26.0	20	25.1	1.0	26.0	15. Lewis
	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,	12863.	90	11	90	10 1/2							
	Main Sails,	12864.	90	9 1/2	90	9							
	Main Top Sails, and others	12865.	90	9 1/2	90	5 1/2							
	Standing and Running Rigging	12866.	120	3 1/2									
	The Windlass is	12867.											
	Engine Room Skylights.	12868.											
	Coal Bunker Openings.	12869.											
	Scuppers, &c.	12870.											
	Cargo Hatchways.	12871.											
	State size Main Hatch	12872.	15.4	10.0	Forehatch	7.8 x 6.0	Quarterhatch	7.8 x 6.0					
	What arrangement for shifting beams?	12873.											
	Hatches, if strong and efficient?	12874.											

Reference should be made to any correspondence connected with this case.

Standing and Running Rigging Helmer & Manilla sufficient in size and good in quality. She has two Long Boats and good

The Windlass is good Capstan good and Rudder good. Pumps good.

Engine Room Skylights. How constructed? How secured in ordinary weather? ✓

What arrangements for deadlights in bad weather? ✓

Coal Bunker Openings. How constructed? How are lids secured? Height above deck? ✓

Scuppers, &c. What arrangements for clearing upper deck of water, in case of shipping a sea? Five ports & three

Cargo Hatchways. How formed? With Cuming plates 8/16 thick

State size Main Hatch 15.4 x 10.0 Forehatch 7.8 x 6.0 Quarterhatch 7.8 x 6.0

If of extraordinary size, state how framed and secured? Ordinary size.

What arrangement for shifting beams? A shifting beam in the main hatchway.

Hatches, if strong and efficient? Yes. 3 1/2 thick

Order for Special Survey No.	Date	Order for Ordinary Survey No.	Date	No. in builder's yard.	DATES of Surveys held while building as per Section 16.	1st. On the several parts of the frame, when in place, and before the plating was wrought	1884: Nov. 6. 11. 12. 14. 19. 21. 25. 26. 29. Dec. 3. 4. 8. 10. 11. 12.	2nd. On the plating during the process of riveting	1885: Jan. 15. 27. Feb. 4. 9. 10. 11. 14. 17. 24. 26.	3rd. When the beams were in and fastened, and before the decks were laid....	Mar. 2. 4. 9. 11. 13. 17. 18.	4th. When the ship was complete, and before the plating was finally coated or cemented..	April 3. 6. 9. 10. 13. 14. 16. 17. 20. 21. 22. 28. et	5th. After the ship was launched and equipped	May 8
234	20th 5 Oct 1884			121											

State dates of letters respecting this case

General Remarks (State quality of workmanship, &c.) Quality of materials and workmanship for this is a sister vessel to the "Morecambe Bay" Spearhead report No 8793. & "Victoria Bay" No 8846 and has been built in accordance with the approved sketches attached to the former and in all other respects with the rules.

Bowsprit (spike) total length outside Kingthead 35ft; formed with two plates in the round. Dibs at Kingthead 2 1/4 x 6/16 thick. Edges double riveted & double riveted & straps increased 1/16 as reg'd by rules.

Poop - 22ft 6 in. Forecastle - 28.6 ft in.

State if one, two, or three decked vessel, or if spar, or awning decked; and the lengths of poop, bridge, forecabin, or raised quarter deck. (If double bottom, state particulars on separate form.)

How are the surfaces preserved from oxidation? Inside Cement & paint Outside Paint

I am of opinion this Vessel should be Classed 100 A.1

The amount of the Entry Fee £ 4 : 0 : 0 is received by me, } J. S. Rawlinson

Special £ 53 : 0 : 6 28th April 1885

(to be sent in margin). Certificate ... Gratis

(Travelling Expenses, if any, £ 0 : 8 : 0 paid on 12th April 1885 and a further £ 1 paid on 4th May 1885.)

Committee's Minute TUESDAY 12 MAY 1885

Character assigned 100 A.1

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping
It is submitted that this vessel appears eligible to be classed 100 A.1 as recommended
15th May 1885
Lloyd's Register Foundation

The Surveyors are requested not to write on or below the space for Committee's Minute.