

# IRON SHIP.

4th SEP. 82

No. 5816 Survey held at *Glasgow* Date, First Survey *23rd Sept 1881* Last Survey *2nd September 1882*  
On the *Iron Screw Steamer "Clan Forbes"*

TONNAGE under Tonnage Deck <i>2253.24</i>	ONE, OR TWO DECKED, THREE DECKED VESSEL.	Master <i>W. Ellwood</i>
Ditto of <del>Upper</del> <i>Lower</i> Deck <i>15.64</i>	SPAR, OR AWNING DECKED VESSEL.	Built at <i>Glasgow</i>
Ditto of Poop, <del>or</del> <i>Raised Or. Deck</i> <i>34.63</i>	Half Breadth (moulded) <i>18.89</i>	When built <i>1881-82</i> Launched <i>16th Aug 1882</i>
Ditto of Houses on Deck <i>86.44</i>	Depth from upper part of Keel to top of Upper Deck Beams <i>24.54</i>	By whom built <i>Alex. Stephen &amp; Sons</i>
Ditto of Forecastle <i>51.06</i>	Girth of Half Midship Frame (as per Rule) <i>42.30</i>	Owners <i>Jessie Cameron Irvine &amp; Co.</i>
Gross Tonnage <i>2441.04</i>	1st Number <i>88.43</i>	Residence <i>Glasgow</i>
Less Crew Space <i>69.11</i>	1st Number, if a 3-Decked Vessel .. deduct 7 feet <i>4.00</i>	Port belonging to <i>Glasgow</i>
Less Engine Room <i>481.13</i>	Length <i>322.50</i>	Destined Voyage <i>Calcutta</i>
Register Tonnage as out on Beam <i>1590.80</i>	2nd Number <i>243.54</i>	If Surveyed while Building, Afloat, or in Dry Dock, <i>Building and Afloat.</i>
	Proportions— Breadths to Length .. <i>8.53</i>	
	Depths to Length— Upper Deck to Keel .. <i>11.41</i>	
	Main Deck ditto .. <i>16.29</i>	

LENGTH on deck as per Rule	Feet.	Inches.	BREADTH— Moulded...	Feet.	Inches.	DEPTH top of Floors to Upper Deck Beams	Feet.	Inches.	Power of Engines	Horse.	Nº. of Decks with flat laid	Nº. of Tiers of Beams
322	6		34	9		24	0	3	300		Two	Two
Dimensions of Ship per Register, length, <i>324.5</i> breadth, <i>38.1</i> depth, <i>23.8</i>												
KEEL, depth and thickness	<i>side plates</i>											
STEM, moulding and thickness...												
STERN-POST for Rudder do. do.												
" " for Propeller												
Distance of Frames from moulding edge to moulding edge, all fore and aft												
FRAMES, Angle Iron, for $\frac{3}{4}$ length amidships												
Do. for $\frac{1}{4}$ at each end												
REVERSED FRAMES, Angle Iron												
FLOORS, depth and thickness of Floor Plate at mid line for half length amidships												
" thickness at the ends of vessel												
" depth at $\frac{3}{4}$ the half-bdth. as per Rule												
" height extended at the Bilges...												
BEAMS, Upper, <del>Spar, or Awning Deck</del>												
Single <del>or</del> <i>double</i> Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron												
Single or double Angle Iron on Upper edge												
Average space...												
BEAMS, Main, or Middle Deck												
Single <del>or</del> <i>double</i> Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron												
Single or double Angle Iron on Upper Edge												
Average space...												
BEAMS, Lower Deck												
Single or <del>double</del> Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron												
Single or double Angle Iron on Upper Edge												
Average space...												
BEAMS, Hold, or Orlop												
Single or <del>double</del> Ang. Iron, Plate or Tee Bulb Iron												
Single or double Angle Iron on Upper Edge												
Average space...												
KEELSONS Centre line, single or double plate, box, or intercostal, Plates												
" Rider Plate												
" Bulb Plate to Intercostal Keelson												
" Angle Irons												
" Double Angle Iron Side Keelson												
" Side Intercostal Plate												
" do. Angle Irons												
" Attached to outside plating with angle iron												
BILGE Angle Irons												
" do. Bulb Iron												
" do. $\frac{7}{16}$ Intercostal plates riveted to plating for <i>whole</i> length												
SIDE STRINGER Angle Irons												
" do. Intercostal plates riveted to plating for <i>whole</i> length												
SIDE STRINGER Angle Irons												
The FRAMES extend in one length from <i>margin plate to margin plate or from margin plate to middle line</i>												
The REVERSED ANGLE IRONS on floors and frames extend <i>from middle line to middle deck</i> and to <i>upper deck</i> alternately												
KEELSONS. Are the various lengths of Plates and Angle Irons properly connected?												
PLATING. Garboard, double riveted to Keel, with rivets $\frac{1}{8}$ in. diameter, averaging $5\frac{1}{2}$ ins. from centre to centre.												
" Edges of Garboards and to upper part of Bilge, worked clencher, double riveted; with rivets $\frac{7}{8}$ in. diameter, averaging $3\frac{1}{2}$ ins. from centre to centre.												
" Butts from Keel to turn of Bilge, worked carvel, double riveted; with rivets $\frac{7}{8}$ in. diameter averaging $3\frac{1}{2}$ ins. from centre to centre.												
" Butts of <i>Three</i> Strakes at Bilge for <i>half</i> length, treble riveted with Butt Straps $\frac{1}{16}$ in. thicker than the plates they connect.												
" Edges from Bilge to Main Sheerstrake, worked clencher, double <del>or</del> <i>single</i> riveted; with rivets $\frac{7}{8}$ in. diameter, averaging $3\frac{1}{2}$ ins. from cr. to cr.												
" Butts from Bilge to Main Sheerstrake, worked carvel, double riveted; with rivets $\frac{7}{8}$ in. diameter, averaging $3\frac{1}{2}$ ins. from cr. to cr.												
" <i>Upper</i> Edges of Main Sheerstrake, double <del>or</del> <i>single</i> riveted.												
" Butts of Main Sheerstrake, treble riveted for $\frac{1}{2}$ length amidships.												
" Butts of Main Stringer Plate, treble riveted for $\frac{1}{2}$ length amidships.												
" Breadth of laps of plating in double riveting $5\frac{1}{2}$ ins. Breadth of laps of plating in single riveting												
Butt Straps of Keelsons, Stringer and Tie Plates, treble, double or single Riveted? <i>treble &amp; double</i> No. of Breasthooks, <i>5</i> Crutches, <i>3</i>												
What description of Iron is used for Frames, Beams, Keelsons, Tie, and Stringer Plates, Outside Plating, &c.?												
Manufacturer's name or trade mark, <i>Parker and Glasgow.</i>												
The above is a correct description.												
Builder's Signature, <i>A.C. Stephen &amp; Sons</i>												
Surveyor's Signature, <i>J. J. Lloyd</i>												
Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.												

State clearly where plating is of alternate thicknesses—as distinguished from diminished thickness at ends of vessel.

\* If Iron Deck, state if whole or part, and if wood deck is laid thereon.



**Workmanship.**

Are the butts of plating planed or otherwise fitted?

*Planed*

8516 92

Do the edges of the carvel work and of the butts lay close together throughout their length without requiring any making good of deficiencies?

*yes*

Are the fillings between the ribs and plates solid single pieces?

*yes*

Do the holes for riveting plate to frames, butt straps, or plate to plate, &c., conform well to each other?

*yes*

Are the rivet holes well and sufficiently countersunk in the plate and punched from the faying surfaces?

*yes*

Do any rivets break into or through the seams or butts of the plating?

*A few*

Masts, Bowsprit, Yards, &c., are *new* in *good* condition, and sufficient in size and length. If of Iron or Steel give Scantlings of Plating, Angle Irons, &c., and further explain by a Sketch showing how the lower Masts and Bowsprit are constructed, showing the number of Plates and Angle Irons, mode of riveting, quality of Materials, and if stamped with Maker's name.

State also Length and Diameter of Lower Masts and Bowsprit

	Foremast	Mainmast	Mizzenmast	Mast	Mast	Mast	Mast
Length	84.3	252	18	182	13	8	2
Diameter	46.9	242	19	18	124	8	5

*Two plates in the round, treble*  
*nickled butts and double nickled lands.*

*Lowermast, Mainmast and Mizzenmast in one.*

*Plating 7/16-inch in thickness to lowermast, tapering to 5/16-inch at keels.*

NUMBER for EQUIPMENT	SAILS.	CABLES, &c.	Fathoms.	Inches.	Test per Certificate.	Inches per Rule.	Machine where Tested & Suprntd.	ANCHORS.	No.	Weight.	Test per Certificate.	W'ght req'd per Rule.	Machine where Tested & Suprntd.
N <sup>o</sup> .													
	Fore Sails,	Chain 282.82...	300 1/2	1 1/2	13.8 1/2	300 x 1 1/2		Bower Anchors	489	37.0.19	33.14.3.4	36 1/2	
	Fore Top Sails,	Iron Stream Chain	90 1/2	1 1/2	13.8 1/2	90 x 1 1/2			490	36.0.1	33.2.2.0	36 1/2	
	Fore Topmast Stay Sails,	Steel Wire	100	5	13.8 1/2	100 x 4			488	30.3.16	29.5.2.4	31	
	Main Sails,							Stream Anchor	485	11.1.0	13.2.2.0	11 1/4	
	Main Top Sails,							Kedge	486	5.2.0	7.16.1.0	5 1/2	
	and							2nd Kedge	484	2.3.8	5.6.1.0	2 3/4	

Standing and Running Rigging *Wire & hemp* sufficient in size and *good* in quality. She has *Lia* Long Boats and *2-Lifeboats & 4 others*

The Windlass is *Iron (patent)* Capstan and Rudder *good* Pumps *good*

Engine Room Skylights. How constructed? *Leak framing* How secured in ordinary weather? *Plates and Bolts*

What arrangements for deadlights in bad weather? *Flaps with bulls' eyes*

Coal Bunker Openings. How constructed? *Plates & angles* How are lids secured? *Solid hatch covers* Height above deck? *4 inches*

Scuppers, &c.—What arrangements for clearing upper deck of water, in case of shipping a sea?

*Sixteen scuppers and fourteen water ports*

Cargo Hatchways.—How formed? *Deep coming plates and angles*

State size *Main Hatch 14.0 x 11.0* *No. 2 Hatch 28.0 x 11.0* *No. 3 Quarter Hatch 16.0 x 11.0* *No. 4 Hatch 24.0 x 11.0*

If of extraordinary size, state how framed and secured? *Framed with plates and angles. The plates form coming & carling and extend to a height of 21 inches above deck flat.*

What arrangement for shifting beams? *In No 2 hatchway 2 deep web plates, No 3 hatchway one deep web plate, No 4 hatchway two deep web plates.*

Hatches, If strong and efficient? *yes (solid hatches)*

Order for Special Survey No. *596*

Date *31<sup>st</sup> March 1881*

Order for Ordinary Survey No. *1*

Date *1<sup>st</sup> April 1881*

No. *263* in builder's yard.

- DATES of Surveys held while building as per Section 18.
- 1st. On the several parts of the frame, when in place, and before the plating was wrought
  - 2nd. On the plating during the process of riveting
  - 3rd. When the beams were in and fastened, and before the decks were laid...
  - 4th. When the ship was complete, and before the plating was finally coated or cemented...
  - 5th. After the ship was launched and equipped

*1881. Nov. 23 & 26. Dec. 2, 14 & 24.*  
*1882. Jan. 11, 19, 26 & 27. Feb. 2, 10, 16, 20, 23 & 24.*  
*March 8, 16, 25 & 29. April 4, 11, 14, 18, 21, 25 & 29.*  
*May 5, 9, 16, 24 & 31. June 5, 13, 16, 21, 28 & 29.*  
*July 6, 7, 12, 26 & 31. August 3, 7, 10, 12, 19. Sept. 2.*

General Remarks (State quality of workmanship, &c.)

*This vessel has been built in conformity with the approved Guidship and Longitudinal Sections, the instructions contained in the Secretaries letters dated 28<sup>th</sup> February, and 8<sup>th</sup> & 12<sup>th</sup> March 1881, and otherwise in accordance with the Rules with a view to the grade Contemplated.*

*The quality of workmanship and material is good*

*This is a sister vessel to the "Clan Cameron" and "Clan Campbell," (Glasgow Reports Nos. 566 and 5756) but has iron bulwarks as "Clan Campbell."*

*Two decks and web frames with*  
*Poop 12 feet - Bridge 74 feet - Forecastle 38 feet and Double bottom.*

State if one, two, or three decked vessel, or if spar, or awning decked; and the lengths of poop, bridge, forecastle, or raised quarter deck. (If double bottom, state particulars on separate form.)

How are the surfaces preserved from oxidation? Inside *Paint and Cement* Outside *Paint*

I am of opinion this Vessel should be Classed *100 A 1.*

The amount of the Entry Fee ... £ *5 : 0 : 0* is received by me, *(Signature)*

Special ... £ *84 : 6 : 0* *1/9/ 1882*

Certificate ... £ *0 : 0 : 0*

(Travelling Expenses, if any, £ *289 : 6 : 0*)

Committee's Minute

18

Character assigned

*100 A 1 L & C P*

*2 Dks Iron & web frames*

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

*This vessel appears to be eligible to be classed as a ...*

Lloyd's Register Foundation