

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 1065.

Port of **NAGASAKI**. Date of First Survey *8th April* Date of Last Survey *24th April/1916* No. of Visits *4*
 No. in on the ~~Iron or Steel~~ *s. s. "Akita Maru"* Port belonging to *Tokio*
 Reg. Book Built at *Nagasaki* By whom *Mitsubishi Dockyard & Engine Works* When built *1916*
 Owners *Nippon Yusen Kaisha* Owners' Address *Tokio*
 Yard No. *252* Electric Light Installation fitted by *Mitsubishi Dockyard & Engine Works* When fitted *1916*

DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

One set of a compound wound continuous current dynamo on the same bed plate with a vertical engine

Capacity of Dynamo *100* Amperes at *100* Volts, whether continuous or alternating current *Continuous*

Where is Dynamo fixed *On Engine Room platform*

Position of Main Switch Board *On bulkhead aft of dynamo having switches to groups 24 to 58* of lights, &c., as below

Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each *Two in fore part & two in after part of bridge deck; Two in fore part, two in middle, and one in after part of upper deck; Three in Engine room.*

If cut outs are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit *yes* and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits *yes* and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size *yes* and to each lamp circuit *no*.

If vessel is wired on the double wire system are cut outs fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits *yes*.

Are the cut outs of non-oxidizable metal *yes* and constructed to fuse at an excess of *50* per cent over the normal current

Are all cut outs fitted in easily accessible positions *yes* Are the fuses of standard dimensions *yes* If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit *yes*.

Are all switches and cut-outs constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases *yes*.

Total number of lights provided for *44 Circuits* arranged in the following groups:—
6 ch. 8 ch. 16 ch. 25 ch. 32 ch. Ave

A *Bridge deck* lights each of *6 2 11 29 10* candle power requiring a total current of *27.3* Amperes

B *Fore* " lights each of *- - 12 - 11* candle power requiring a total current of *24.024* Amperes

C *After* " lights each of *- 1 12 3 12* candle power requiring a total current of *26.28* Amperes

D *Engine room* lights each of *- - 47 2 - -* candle power requiring a total current of *28.88* Amperes

E lights each of *on double* candle power requiring a total current of *Amperes*

Two Mast head lights with *film* lamps each of *32* candle power requiring a total current of *1.12* Amperes

Two Side lights with *do* lamps each of *32* candle power requiring a total current of *1.12* Amperes

One Morse Code signal lamp *606 ch.* candle power requiring a total current of *1.26*

Five Cargo lights of *128 ch. (4032 ch.)* candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights *Incandescent*

Two " " " *1200* " " " *Are*

If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. *Protected by double glass*

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed *In chart room on navigation bridge.*

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying *100* Amperes, comprised of *37* wires, each *15* L.S.G. diameter, *1544* square inches total sectional area

Branch cables carrying *28.88* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *16* L.S.G. diameter, *0229* square inches total sectional area

Branch cables carrying *24.024* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *16* L.S.G. diameter, *0229* square inches total sectional area

Leads to lamps carrying *56* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *18* L.S.G. diameter, *0018* square inches total sectional area

Cargo light cables carrying *4.48* Amperes, comprised of *168* wires, each *38* L.S.G. diameter, *005* square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Wires and cables are composed of tinned copper insulated with pure india rubber, vulcanizing india rubber coated tape, and the whole vulcanized together, then lead covered, or lead covered and armoured with galvanized iron wires.

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected *Made in brass pieces fitted on porcelain bases in submain board & distributing board in tank case or extension boxes of porcelain base, and some joints in cast iron box are soldered and insulated with pure rubber or rubber coated tape.*

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, resin only having been used as a flux *yes* Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage *yes, except one in extension box in cast iron cover in cargo space.*

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board *no*.

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected *With the double wire distribution system, and cables are protected by lead cover, or galvanized iron wires, or galvanized iron tape.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible *Yes.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture *Protected by galvanized iron pipes or galvanized iron wires.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat *Protected by galvanized iron wires.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings *Protected by galvanized iron wires.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room *Protected by galvanized iron wires or galvanized iron pipes.*

How are cables carried through beams *Through lead bushes* through bulkheads, &c. *Water-tight packing glands.*

How are cables carried through decks *Galvanized iron deck tubes.*

Are any cables run through coal bunkers *Yes* or cargo spaces *Yes* or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage ☒

If so, how are they protected *By galvanized iron wires or galvanized iron pipes.*

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage *Yes*

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected *Lamps are protected by strong cast iron covers.*

Where are the main switches and cut outs for these lights fitted *On bridge deck passage.*

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected *In tank case.*

Are any switches or cut outs fitted in bunkers *No.*

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed *Portable* How fixed *With fibre fork of fibre connector*

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel ☒

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull ☒

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions ☒

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and cut-outs fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas ☒

Are any switches, cut outs, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion ☒

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas ☒

The installation is _____ supplied with a voltmeter and _____ an amperemeter, fixed *on switch board*

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of *98* per cent. that of pure copper.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than *600* megohms per statute mile after 24 hours' immersion in seawater.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

MITSUBISHI DOCKYARD & ENGINE WORKS.

General Manager.

Electrical Engineers

Date

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass *70 feet from dynamo.*

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass *80 feet from dynamo.*

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	Amperes	feet from standard compass	feet from steering compass
<i>4.5</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>7</i>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power *Yes*

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be *nil* degrees on *any* course in the case of the standard compass and *nil* degrees on *any* course in the case of the steering compass.

MITSUBISHI DOCKYARD & ENGINE WORKS.

General Manager.

Builder's Signature.

Date

GENERAL REMARKS.

This Electric Installation has been fitted in accordance with the Rules, tested, and found satisfactory.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for THE RECORD Elec. light.

a.s. Williamson
Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

Committee's Minute

TUE. JUN. 27. 1916

THE SURVEYORS ARE REQUESTED NOT TO WRITE ACROSS THIS MARGIN.