

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 1129

Port of **NAGASAKI**. Date of First Survey *28th April* Date of Last Survey *12th May 1917* No. of Visits *5*
 No. in Reg. Book on the ~~Iron or Steel~~ s. s. "*Nagano Maru*" Port belonging to *Jokio*
 Built at *Nagasaki* By whom *Mitsubishi S. S. Works* When built *1917*
 Owners *Nippon Yusen Kaisha* Owners' Address *✓*
 Yard No. *267* Electric Light Installation fitted by *Mitsubishi Dockyard & Engine Works* When fitted *1917*

DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

One set of a compound continuous current dynamo on the same bedplate with a vertical engine.
 Capacity of Dynamo *100* Amperes at *100* Volts, whether continuous or alternating current *Continuous*
 Where is Dynamo fixed *On starboard side of engine room platform.*
 Position of Main Switch Board *On bulkhead aft of dynamo having switches to groups 23 to 58* of lights, &c., as below
 Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each *Two forward & two aft on Bridge deck; two forward, two amidships, & two aft on upper deck; and three in engine room.*
 If cut outs are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit *Yes* and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits *Yes* and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size *Yes* and to each lamp circuit *No*.
 If vessel is wired on the double wire system are cut outs fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits *Yes*.
 Are the cut outs of non-oxidizable metal *Yes* and constructed to fuse at an excess of *50* per cent over the normal current
 Are all cut outs fitted in easily accessible positions *Yes*. Are the fuses of standard dimensions *Yes*. If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit *Yes*.
 Are all switches and cut-outs constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases *Yes*.
 Total number of lights provided for *4 Circuits* arranged in the following groups:—

A	Bridge deck circuit	lights each of	<i>6 2 11 29 10</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>27.3</i>	Amperes
B	Forward	lights each of	<i>12 11</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>24.024</i>	Amperes
C	aft	lights each of	<i>1 12 3 12 1</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>26.28</i>	Amperes
D	Engine room	lights each of	<i>47 2</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>28.88</i>	Amperes
E		lights each of		candle power requiring a total current of		Amperes
	Two Mast head lights with filament lamps each of		<i>32</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>1.12</i>	Amperes
	One Morse code signal lamp with 6 lamps each of		<i>12</i>	" " " " " "	<i>1.26</i>	"
	Two Side light with filament lamps each of		<i>32</i>	candle power requiring a total current of	<i>1.12</i>	Amperes
	Five Cargo lights of		<i>128 c.p. (32 x 4)</i>	candle power, whether incandescent or are lights	<i>Incandescent</i>	
	One		<i>1200 c.p.</i>		<i>are.</i>	

 If are lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. *Protected by amber globes.*

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed *In chart room on navigation bridge.*

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying *100* Amperes, comprised of *37* wires, each *15* L.S.G. diameter, *.1524* square inches total sectional area
 Branch cables carrying *28.88* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *16* L.S.G. diameter, *.0229* square inches total sectional area
 Branch cables carrying *24.024* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *16* L.S.G. diameter, *.0229* square inches total sectional area
 Leads to lamps carrying *.56* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *18* L.S.G. diameter, *.0018* square inches total sectional area
 Cargo light cables carrying *1.48* Amperes, comprised of *168* wires, each *38* L.S.G. diameter, *.005* square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Wires & cables used in the installation of the ship are composed of tinned copper insulated with pure india rubber vulcanizing india rubber coated tape and the whole vulcanized together, then lead covered, or lead covered and armoured with galvanized iron wires.
 Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected *In brass pieces fitted on porcelain bases in submain board and distributing board in tank case or extension box of porcelain base, and some joints in cast iron box are soldered and insulated with pure rubber or rubber coated tape.*
 Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, resin only having been used as a flux *Yes*. Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage *Yes, except one in extension box in cast iron cover in the cargo space.*
 Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board *No*.

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected *With the double wire distribution system, and cables are protected by lead cover, or galvanized iron wire armoring, or galvanized iron tapes.*



DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible *Yes.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture *Galvanized iron pipes or galvanized iron wire armouring.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat *Galvanized iron wire armouring.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings *Galvanized iron wire armouring.*

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room *Galvanized iron wire armouring, or galvanized iron pipes.*

How are cables carried through beams *Through lead bushes* through bulkheads, &c. *Watertight packing glands.*

How are cables carried through decks *Through galvanized iron deck tubes.*

Are any cables run through coal bunkers *Yes* or cargo spaces *Yes* or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage

If so, how are they protected *By galvanized iron wire armouring, or galvanized iron pipes.*

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage *Yes.*

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected *By strong cast iron cover.*

Where are the main switches and cut outs for these lights fitted *On bridge deck passage.*

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected *In tank case.*

Are any switches or cut outs fitted in bunkers *No.*

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed *Portable* How fixed *High fibre fork or fibre connector.*

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and cut-outs fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas

Are any switches, cut outs, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas

The installation is _____ supplied with a voltmeter and _____ an amperemeter, fixed *on main switchboard.*

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of *99.6* per cent. that of pure copper.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than *600* megohms per statute mile after 24 hours' immersion in seawater.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

MITSUBISHI DOCKYARD & ENGINE WORKS.

[Signature]
General Manager.

Electrical Engineers

Date *26th May 1917*

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass *70ft. from dynamo*

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass *80ft. " "*

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying	<i>14.5</i> Amperes	<i>10</i> feet from standard compass	<i>12</i> feet from steering compass
A cable carrying	<i>✓</i> Amperes	<i>✓</i> feet from standard compass	<i>✓</i> feet from steering compass
A cable carrying	<i>✓</i> Amperes	<i>✓</i> feet from standard compass	<i>✓</i> feet from steering compass

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power *Yes.*

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be *nil* degrees on *any* course in the case of the standard compass and *nil* degrees on *any* course in the case of the steering compass.

MITSUBISHI DOCKYARD & ENGINE WORKS.

[Signature]
General Manager.

Builder's Signature.

Date *26th May 1917*

GENERAL REMARKS.

This Electric Installation has been fitted in accordance with the Rules, tested, and found satisfactory.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible to

THE RECORD. *Elec. light.* *[Signature]* *2/7/17*

a.s. Williamson
Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

Committee's Minute *FRI.-00JUL 1917*

THE SURVEYORS ARE REQUESTED NOT TO WRITE ACROSS THIS MARGIN.

Nagasaki Office

REPORT FORM No. 10

