

REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 15456.

Port of WEST HARTLEPOOL Date of First Survey and Date of Last Survey while building No. of Visits 1
 No. in on the Iron or Steel S.S. "City of Florence" Port belonging to Liverpool
 Reg. Book Built at West Hartlepool By whom Wm Gray & Co. Ltd When built 1918
 Owners The Ellerman Lines, Ltd. Owners' Address
 Yard No. 879 Electric Light Installation fitted by Clarke, Chapman & Co. Ltd When fitted 1918

DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

One single cylinder double acting open type vertical engine direct coupled to a continuous current compound wound dynamo.

Capacity of Dynamo 200 Amperes at 100 Volts, whether continuous or alternating current continuous

Where is Dynamo fixed in Engine Room Whether single or double wire system is used Double

Position of Main Switch Board near Dynamo having switches to groups A.B.C.D.E.F. & H. of lights, &c., as below

Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each each light & group of lights provided with switches as required.

If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit Yes and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits Yes and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size Yes and to each lamp circuit Yes

If vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits Yes

Are the fuses of non-oxidisable metal Yes and constructed to fuse at an excess of 50 per cent over the normal current

Are all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions Yes Are the fuses of standard dimensions Yes If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit Yes

Are all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases Yes, slate & porcelain.

Total number of lights provided for 162 arranged in the following groups:—

A	<u>16</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>8.9</u>	Amperes
B	<u>26</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>14.5</u>	Amperes
C	<u>31</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>17.3</u>	Amperes
D	<u>27</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>15.1</u>	Amperes
E	<u>20</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>11.2</u>	Amperes
	<u>42</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>23.6</u>	Amperes
	<u>Wireless</u>				<u>25</u>	
1	Mast head light with	1 lamp each of	<u>32</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>1.1</u>	Amperes
2	Side light with	1 lamp each of	<u>32</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>2.2</u>	Amperes
7	Cargo lights of	<u>6 - 16</u>		candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights	<u>incandescent</u>	

If are lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. 2 Enclosed type Arc lamps with clear glass hexagonal lanterns.

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed in Chart Room

DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying	<u>200</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>37</u>	wires, each	<u>13</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.250</u>	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	<u>23.6</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>7</u>	wires, each	<u>18</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0125</u>	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	<u>17.3</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>7</u>	wires, each	<u>20</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0070</u>	square inches total sectional area
Leads to lamps carrying	<u>.56</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>1</u>	wires, each	<u>18</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0018</u>	square inches total sectional area
Cargo light cables carrying	<u>3.3</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>168</u>	wires, each	<u>38</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0050</u>	square inches total sectional area

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Vulcanized India Rubber, taped & braided & lead covered, where exposed steel armoured overall.

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected No joints except mechanical ones.

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances Yes Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage Yes, No.

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board No.

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected Lead covered & armoured cables run through tween decks & clipped to underside of deck with strong iron clips.

DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible No

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture Lead covered steel armoured cables.

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat Lead & Armoured cables.

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room

How are cables carried through beams in lead bushes. through bulkheads, &c. in W. T. Glands.

How are cables carried through decks in Galvanized Iron Deck Tubes.

Are any cables run through coal bunkers Yes or cargo spaces Yes or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage Yes

If so, how are they protected Lead covered & steel armoured cables.

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage No.

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected —

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted —

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected —

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers No.

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed portable How fixed to W. T. G. I. Connection Boxes.

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel Double Wire system.

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull —

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions —

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter Yes, and with an amperemeter Yes, fixed on Switchboard.

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas —

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion —

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas —

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 600 megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

For Clarke, Chapman & Co. Ltd.

Electrical Engineers

Date April 16th 1918

COMPASSES.

A. Walker Chairman

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass 136 ft

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass 130 "

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying .56 Amperes 12 feet from standard compass 6 feet from steering compass

A cable carrying .56 Amperes 6 feet from standard compass 12 feet from steering compass

A cable carrying — Amperes — feet from standard compass — feet from steering compass

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power Yes

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be Nil degrees on all course in the case of the

standard compass and nil degrees on all course in the case of the steering compass.

FOR WILLIAM GRAY & CO. LIMITED.

J. C. Pyman

Builder's Signature.

Date 18th April 1918

GENERAL REMARKS.

The Electric Lighting Installation on board this vessel has been carried out as detailed above, & appears to meet the requirements of the Society's Rules.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for THE RECORD. Elec. light.

W.D. 22/4/18.

W. H. L.

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

Committee's Minute

THE SURVEYORS ARE REQUESTED NOT TO WRITE ACROSS THIS MARGIN.