

JUN 12 1922

## REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 6016

Port of Bilbao Date of First Survey \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Last Survey \_\_\_\_\_ No. of Visits \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. in Reg. Book \_\_\_\_\_ on the ~~Iron~~ Steel 5/8 Cabo Roche Port belonging to Sevilla  
 Built at Sestao Bilbao By whom La Soc. Esp. de Construcción Naval When built 1922  
 Owners Ybarra y Cia Owners' Address Sevilla  
 Yard No. 18 Electric Light Installation fitted by Shipbuilders When fitted 1922

## DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

One 6" x 7" vertical, single cylinder, double acting, open type steam engine, direct coupled to one compound wound 7 K.W. dynamo  
 Capacity of Dynamo 70 Amperes at 100 Volts, whether continuous or alternating current continuous  
 Where is Dynamo fixed in Engine room Whether single or double wire system is used double wire  
 Position of Main Switch Board near dynamo having switches to groups A.B.C.D & E of lights, &c., as below  
 Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each. Each circuit is provided with distribution boxes in convenient positions and a switch is provided for each light or group of lights.  
 If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit yes and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits yes and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size yes and to each lamp circuit yes  
 If vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits yes  
 Are the fuses of non-oxidizable metal yes and constructed to fuse at an excess of 50 per cent over the normal current  
 Are all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions yes Are the fuses of standard dimensions yes If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit yes  
 Are all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases yes  
 Total number of lights provided for 125 @ 16 cp. arranged in the following groups:—  

A	<u>21</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>10.2</u>	Amperes
B	<u>25</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>7.5</u>	Amperes
C	<u>31</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>18.6</u>	Amperes
D	<u>48</u>	lights each of	<u>16</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>26.4</u>	Amperes
E	<u>Wireless</u>	lights each of	<u>1/2 K.W.</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>10.0</u>	Amperes
	<u>2</u>	Mast head light with <u>1</u> lamp each of	<u>32</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>1.2</u>	Amperes
	<u>2</u>	Side light with <u>1</u> lamp each of	<u>32</u>	candle power requiring a total current of	<u>1.2</u>	Amperes
	<u>Four</u>	Cargo lights of <u>6 lamps of 16</u>		candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights	<u>incandescent</u>	

  
 If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. none fitted

Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed in wheelhouse

## DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying	<u>70</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>19</u>	wires, each	<u>.064</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0600</u>	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	<u>26.4</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>7</u>	wires, each	<u>.052</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0145</u>	square inches total sectional area
Branch cables carrying	<u>10</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>7</u>	wires, each	<u>.036</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0070</u>	square inches total sectional area
Leads to lamps carrying	<u>.6</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>1</u>	wires, each	<u>.044</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0015</u>	square inches total sectional area
Cargo light cables carrying	<u>3.6</u>	Amperes, comprised of	<u>162</u>	wires, each	<u>.0076</u>	S.W.G. diameter,	<u>.0070</u>	square inches total sectional area

## DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

Vulcanized indiarubber taped & lead covered and where exposed, steel armouring over the lead.

Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected in cast iron joint boxes, all joints being mechanical

Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances mechanical Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage No

Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board No

How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected Lead covered & armoured cables securely clipped to fore & aft girders by W.I. clips



DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.

Are they in places always accessible No

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture Lead covered and armoured

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat Lead armoured

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings Lead armoured

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room Lead armoured

How are cables carried through beams in lead bushes through bulkheads, &c. in W.T. glands

How are cables carried through decks in W.I. deck tubes

Are any cables run through coal bunkers No or cargo spaces yes or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage yes

If so, how are they protected Lead covered armoured

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage No

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected \_\_\_\_\_

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted \_\_\_\_\_

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected \_\_\_\_\_

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers No

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed portable How fixed B.C.I. connection boxes

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel double wire system

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull \_\_\_\_\_

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions \_\_\_\_\_

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter yes, and with an amperemeter yes, fixed on switchboard

VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas \_\_\_\_\_

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion \_\_\_\_\_

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas \_\_\_\_\_

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than 600 megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

H.R. Heslop AM.IEE.

Electrical Engineers

Date 13. May 1922

COMPASSES.

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass 21 meters

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass 23 meters

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

Cable	Amperes	Distance from standard compass	Distance from steering compass
A cable carrying <u>3</u>	<u>1 1/2</u>	<u>6</u> feet	<u>6</u> feet
A cable carrying <u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>1</u> feet	<u>1</u> feet
A cable carrying <u>6</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>3</u> feet	<u>3</u> feet

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be \_\_\_\_\_ degrees on \_\_\_\_\_ course in the case of the

standard compass and \_\_\_\_\_ degrees on \_\_\_\_\_ course in the case of the steering compass.

SOCIETAT ESPANOLA DE CONSTRUCCION NAVAL  
P. A. del Delegado del Consejo de Admon.

Builder's Signature. Date \_\_\_\_\_

GENERAL REMARKS.

This electric lighting installation has been examined whilst being fitted on board & afterwards tried under working conditions & found satisfactory & in accordance with the rules. This vessel is therefore eligible in our opinion to have notation of Electric lighting inscribed in the Register Book.

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for

250 Pts

THE RECORD.

Elec. Light. 13/6/22

Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

Committee's Minute

TUE. JUL. 4 1922

Elec Light



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