

Rpt. 13.

No. 40049

REPORT ON ELECTRIC FITTINGS.

(OTHER THAN FOR THE PROPULSION OF THE VESSEL)

Date of writing Report 15 July 1929 When handed in at Local Office 15 July 1929 Port of Hull Received at London Office 16 JUL 1929

No. in Survey held at Hull. Date, First Survey 27 June Last Survey 11 July 1929
Reg. Book. (Number of Visits 4)

11503 on the Steam Trawler "KINGSTON PERIDOT"

Built at Beverley By whom built Cook, Welton & Gemmell Yard No. 522 Tons { Gross 357.81
Net 151.98

Owners Port belonging to Hull. When built 1929

Electric Light Installation fitted by Wm Brandy Sons & Co Contract No. When fitted 1929

System of Distribution

Pressure of supply for Lighting 100 volts, Heating 50 volts, Power 50 volts.

Direct or Alternating Current, Lighting Direct current Power

If alternating current system, state frequency of periods per second

Has the Automatic Governor been tested and found efficient when the whole load is suddenly thrown on or off

Generators, do they comply with the requirements regarding rating Yes, are they compound wound Yes

are they over compounded 5 per cent. Yes, if not compound wound state distance between each generator

Where more than one generator is fitted are they arranged to run in parallel, is an adjustable regulating resistance fitted in series with each shunt field

Are all terminals accessible, clearly marked, and furnished with sockets, are they so spaced or shielded that they cannot be accidentally earthed, short circuited, or touched

Are the lubricating arrangements of the generators as per Rule

Position of Generators Starboard side of engine room.

is the ventilation in way of the generators satisfactory, are they clear of all inflammable material

if situated near unprotected woodwork or other combustible material, state distance of same horizontally from or vertically above the generators

are the generators protected from mechanical injury and damage from water, steam or oil

are their axes of rotation fore and aft

Earthing, are the bedplates and frames of the generating plant efficiently earthed, are the prime movers and their respective generators in metallic contact

Main Switch Boards, where placed Beside generator in engine room

If the generators and main switchboard are not placed in the same compartment, is each generator provided with a fuse on each insulated pole as near as possible to the terminals of the generator, additional to that provided on the main switchboard

Switchboards, are they placed in accessible positions, free from inflammable gases and acid fumes

are they protected from mechanical injury and damage from water, steam or oil, if situated near unprotected woodwork or other combustible material, state distance of same horizontally from or vertically above the switchboards

are they constructed wholly of durable, non-ignitable non-absorbent materials, is all insulation of high dielectric strength and of permanently high insulation resistance

if semi-insulating material is used, are all conducting parts insulated from the slab with mica or micanite or other non-hygroscopic insulating material, and the slab similarly insulated from its framework

and is the frame effectively earthed

Are the fittings as per Rule regarding:— spacing or shielding of live parts

accessibility of all parts, absence of fuses on back of board, proportion of omnibus bars

individual fuses to voltmeter, pilot or earth lamp, connections of switches

Main Switchgear, description of switchgear for each generator and each outgoing circuit, and arrangement of equalizer switches

Main circuits controlled by S.P. switches & protected by fuses on each pole.

Instruments on main switchboard One ammeters One voltmeters synchronising device for paralleling purposes.

Earth Testing, state what means are provided at the main switchboard for indicating the state of the insulation of the system

Earth lamps, with separate switches.

Switches, Circuit Breakers and Fusible Cut-outs, do these comply with the requirements of the Rules

Joint Boxes Section and Distribution Boards, is the construction, protection, insulation, material, and position of these as per rule

Cables: ~~Single, twin, concentric, or multicore~~ *Both* are the cables insulated and protected as per Tables IV or V of the Rules

Fall of Pressure, *state maximum between bus bars and any point of the installation under maximum load* 1/2 in.

Cable Sockets and other connections, are the ends of all cables having a sectional area of 0.04 square inch and above provided with soldering sockets

Paper Insulated Cables. If cables are paper covered, is the dielectric at the exposed ends of the conductor protected from moisture by being suitably sealed with insulating compound None

Cable Runs, are the cables fixed as far as possible in accessible positions not exposed to drip or accumulation of water or oil, or to high temperature from boilers, steam pipes, valves or other hot objects, or to avoidable risk of mechanical damage *2/40.*

Support and Protection of Cables, state how the cables are supported and protected *Armoured cables with G.I.*

clips: L.C. cables with brass clips.

If cables are run in wood casings, are the casings and caps secured by screws ✓, are the cap screws of brass ✓, are the cables run in separate grooves ✓. If armoured and lead covered cables are secured by metal clips, are the clips spaced as per Table VIII ✓

Refrigerated Chambers, if lights are fitted, are the cables and fittings in accordance with the special requirements

Joints in Cables, state if any, and how made, insulated, and protected. *20 joints*

Watertight Glands and Deck Tubes, are all cables passing through decks and watertight bulkheads provided with deck tubes or watertight glands.

Bushes in Beams and Non-watertight Partitions, where unarmoured cables pass through beams and non-watertight partitions, are the holes efficiently
bushed *Yes* state the material of which the bushes are made *Lead.*

Earthing Connections, state what earthing connections are fitted and their respective sectional areas

....., are their connections made as per Rule

Alternative Lighting, are the groups of lights in the propelling machinery space arranged as per Rule

Emergency Supply, *state position and method of control of the emergency supply and how the generator is driven*

Navigation Lamps, are these separately wired Y, controlled by separate switch and separate fuses Y, are the fuses double pole Y, are the switches and fuses grouped in a position accessible only to the officers on watch Y

has each navigation lamp an automatic indicator as per Rule

Secondary Batteries, are they constructed and fitted as per Rule

Fittings, are all fittings on weather decks, in stokeholds and engine rooms and wherever exposed to drip or condensed moisture, watertight

are any fittings placed in spaces in which goods are liable to be stacked in close proximity to them; if so, how are they protected

are any fittings placed in spaces where inflammable or explosive dust or gases are liable to be present, if so, how are they protected

where are the controlling switches situated ✓

Searchlight Lamps, No. of _____, whether fixed or portable _____, are their fittings as per Rule

Are Lamps, *other than searchlight lamps,* No. of ✓, are their live parts insulated from the frame or case ✓, are their fittings as per Rule

Motors, are their working parts readily accessible.....✓....., are the coils self-contained and readily removable for replacement.

are the brushes, brush holders, terminals and lubricating arrangements as per Rule _____, are the motors placed in well-ventilated compartments in which inflammable gases cannot accumulate and clear of all inflammable material

are they protected from mechanical injury and damage from water, steam or oil..... are their axes of rotation fore and aft.....

if situated near unprotected woodwork or other combustible material, are the motors of the totally enclosed, pipe ventilated, forced draught, drip or flame proof type _____, if not of this type, state distance of the combustible material horizontally or vertically above the motors _____

Control Gear and Resistances, are the generator field and motor speed regulators, starters and controllers constructed and fitted as per Rule

Lightning Conductors, *where lightning conductors are required, are these fitted as per Rule*

Ships carrying Oil having a Flash Point less than 150° F. Have the special requirements of the Rules been complied with regarding switches, joint boxes, section and distribution boards, protection of cables, method of distribution, lead of cables, lights and fuses.

If portable lamps for use in dangerous spaces are supplied, are they of a type approved by the Home Office

PARTICULARS OF GENERATING PLANT.

DESCRIPTION OF GENERATOR.	No of	RATED AT				DRIVEN BY	WHERE DRIVEN BY AN INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE.	
		Kilowatts.	Volts.	Ampères.	Revs. per Min.		Fuel Used.	Flash Point of Fuel.
MAIN	one	6	100	60	350.	Steam engine		
AUXILIARY								
EMERGENCY								
ROTARY TRANSFORMER								

LIGHTING AND HEATING CONDUCTORS.

[illegible]

MOTOR CONDUCTORS.

Ref. No.	DESCRIPTION.	No. of Motors.	Effective Area of each Conductor. Sq. ins.	COMPOSITION OF STRAND.		Total Maximum Current. Amperes.	Approximate Length. (Lead and Return.) Feet.	Insulated with	HOW PROTECTED.
				No.	Diameter.				
	BALLAST PUMP								
	MAIN BILGE LINE PUMPS ...								
	GENERAL SERVICE PUMP ...								
	EMERGENCY BILGE PUMP ...								
	SANITARY PUMP								
	CIRC. SEA WATER PUMPS ...								
	CIRC. FRESH WATER PUMPS ...								
	AIR COMPRESSOR								
	FRESH WATER PUMP								
	ENGINE TURNING GEAR ...								
	ENGINE REVERSING GEAR ...								
	LUBRICATING OIL PUMPS ...								
	OIL FUEL TRANSFER PUMP								
	WINDLASS								
	WINCHES, FORWARD								
	WINCHES, AFT								
	STEERING GEAR—								
	(a) MOTOR GENERATOR...								
	(b) MAIN MOTOR								
	WORKSHOP MOTOR								
	VENTILATING FANS								

All Conductors are of annealed copper conforming to British Standard Specification No. 7.

The Insulated Conductors are guaranteed to withstand the immersion and resistance tests specified in the Rules.

The foregoing is a correct description.

WM. BROADY & CO.,
ENGLISH STREET,
S.W. 11.

Electrical Engineers.

Date July 5th 1929.

COMPASSES.

Distance between electric generators or motors and standard compass 68 feet.

Distance between electric generators or motors and steering compass

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying '5' Ampères 70 feet from standard compass feet from steering compass.

A cable carrying '5' Ampères 70 feet from standard compass feet from steering compass.

A cable carrying Ampères feet from standard compass feet from steering compass.

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power

Has the effect of switching on and off circuits, motors and other electro-magnetic apparatus within the vicinity of the compasses been noted

The maximum deviation due to electric currents was found to be degrees on course in the case of the standard compass, and degrees on course in the case of the steering compass.

COOK, WELTON & GEMMELL, LTD.,

Special Builder's Signature.
Secretary & Director.

Date 8/7/29.

Is this installation a duplicate of a previous case Yes. If so, state name of vessel

'Kingston Turquoise'

General Remarks (State quality of workmanship, opinions as to class, &c.)

The electrical installation of this vessel has been fitted on board under special survey, tried under full working conditions & found in good order. It is eligible in my opinion to have record of 'Electric Light'.

It is submitted that
this vessel is eligible for
THE RECORD. Elec. Light.

J. H. Mackay
17/7/29

Total Capacity of Generators 6 Kilowatts.

The amount of Fee ... £ 3 : 0 : 15 July 1929.

Travelling Expenses (if any) £ :

When received,

22/8/29

John H. Mackay
Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

Committee's Minute FRI. 19 JUL 1929

Assigned

Elec. Light



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Lloyd's Register
Foundation